# Bedford Inquirer.

A Weekly Paper, Devoted to Literature, Politics, the Arts, Sciences, Agriculture, &c., &c---Terms: One Dollar and Fifty Cents in Advance.

BY DAVID OVER. BEDFORD, PA., FRIDAY, MAY 7, 1858. VOL. 31, NO. 19.


## Select Poetry.

### Song of a Spirit Entering Heaven.

BY MRS. GEORGIANNA M'LEOD.

AIR—"*Home Again*"

Home at last! Home at last!
From an earthly shore,
For Oh, I've joined the ransomed ones,
Who passed on long before,
Here each tear is wiped away,
By God the Holy One,
Here's naught but songs of joy and praise,
Around the Eternal's throne
Home at last! Home at last!
From an earthly shore,
For Oh! I've joined the ransomed ones,
Who passed on long before.

The pure in heart! The pure in heart!
Robed in spotless white
Are here, with starry crowns of joy,
All gloriously bright.
And some I loved so long ago,
Who left me sad and lone,
I find among the heavenly host,
Within our Father's home.
Home at last! Home at last! &c.

Safe at home! Safe at home!
Oh let the echo go,
To soothe the hearts that mourn me yet,
In that first home below.
For His dear arms are round me now,
Who was for sinners slain,
Through him I've won eternal life,
For me to die was gain.
Safe at home! Safe at home!
From an earthly shore,
I'll bless and praise thee, Oh! my God!
Forever, evermore.

## AGRICULTURAL.

### Experiments and Observations UPON THE CHINESE SUGAR CANE.

BY JOSEPH S. LOVERING.

(*Continued.*)

The whole of the foregoing four parcels were at this stage of the process concentrated to 22 deg. Beume, and set aside until I had completed the series on the 21st Oct.; they were then collected together, and again clarified with eggs, and a second scum taken off; they were then again placed over the fire, and when at the temperature of 225 F., clear lime water in small quantities was added to coagulate the vegetable albumen, which is not disengaged at a lower temperature, but which is then observed as a whitish scum, very tenacious and glutinous, and is very detrimental to crystallization. After the various delays, heatings and re-heatings consequent on my limited means of working, (the great disadvantage of which, those acquainted with the subject only can appreciate) I commenced filtering the whole, but found it so ropy and glutinous that it would not pass through, diluted it to 10 deg. B., when it came through tolerably bright; passed it through 5 feet of animal black; it parted with its coloring matter very freely.

Divided the product into three parts, and boiled it as follows:

1st part to 230 deg. F.—This stood an hour without crystallizing—found it too low, altho' the thumb and finger proof indicated otherwise.

2d part to 246 deg. F.—which was added to the first, and in a few minutes crystals began to appear.

3d part to 238 deg., being the mean of the other two. On finishing this, the two preceding had formed a thick, opaque mass of good crystals.

Filled one mould, wt. 20 lbs.
Weight of mould, 4¾
net wt. 15¼ lbs.
Filled one mould, 14¼ lbs.
Mould, 4¾
" " 10 lbs.
Total net weight, 25¼

and next morning set them on pots to drain.—Also boiled down the juice from the tops, 4¾ gallons, which produced with the scums 13¼ lbs. molasses.

Knocked out the proceeds of this experiment with the following results, viz:

| | |
|---|---|
| 1 mould, gross weight, | 20 lbs. |
| tare, | 4¾ |
| Net weight, | 15¼ |
| Wt. of molasses 8¼ nt. wt. 7 lbs sugar. | |
| 1 mould, gross weight, | 14¼ lbs. |
| tare, | 4¼ |
| Net weight, | 10 |
| Wt. of molasses, 5¼ nt. wt. 4¼ lbs. sugar. | |
| Molasses made from tops, as above, | 13¼ |
| Total weight of product of 200 feet of a row; | |
| 11.50 lbs. sugar, 27.75 lbs. molasses. | |

Product of an acre in lbs., 625.50 1485.00

A gallon of molasses weighs 12 pounds, therefore, divide 1485 by 12, and we have, gallons, 123.75.

For the acre 625¼ lbs. sugar, and 123¾ gallons molasses, produced from 18,148 canes, yielding 1,737 gallons juice, weighing 9 lbs. per gallon, or 15,633 lbs., being 4 per ct. of sugar and 9.50 per ct. of molasses, or 13.50 per ct. together.

The sugar is of a yellowish brown color, about as dry as, and about the color of 2d quality Cuba sugar, such as is used by refiners.

THIRD EXPERIMENT.

Since the 28th October, the weather has been mild and foggy, with heavy rains; temp. varying from 48 to 60 degs. A very decidedly increased development of sugar in the juice has been ascertained, viz: 7.29 per ct. instead of 5 per ct., and I have gained some experience; so, instead of allowing the syrup to remain from four to twelve days, still containing a great portion of its fermentable impurities, gradually undergoing decomposition and depreciation, I remedy this evil to some extent, as will be seen. I also dispense with the fine ivory black and the filtering, thus simplyfying the process.

Nov. 2. Cut and ground 58 feet of a row—100 canes—the upper portion of the stalks turning yellow - leaves dead and dry—ground 6 and 7 of the lower joints—produced 10 gallons juice, weighing 10 deg. B., much less acid than previous samples, and barely changing litmus paper—neutralized with milk of lime and clarified at once perfectly with eggs—passed it immediately through 3½ feet black, and boiled it to 234 deg. F.; after standing an hour the crystals were large and sharp, but not very abundant till morning, it being boiled too low.

(*To be continued.*)

[*Correspondence of the N. Y Times.*]

### Sad Calamity—Burning of a Whole Family—Heroic Conduct of a Jailor's Wife.

WATERTOWN, N. Y. April 5—The inhabitants of this place have had two rather exciting topics on their tongues for the past few hours, the first relating to a shocking affair in the adjoining town of Le Roy; the second to another affair not so shocking in our own neighborhood.

The first is as I learn by actual personal investigation, somewhat thus: A farmer named Daniel Comstock has been living with his four little daughters, Mary, Maria, Colona and Cora, alone in his house, which is located fourteen or fifteen miles from here, on what is known as the Philadelphia Road. His wife has been absent some two months, in Auburn under medical treatment. Last Sunday night, about 9 o'clock, it was discovered that the residence of Mr. Comstock was in flames, and before assistance could be rendered it was burned to the ground, together with its five inmates! It would seem from the position of affairs as I found them to-day, on the ground, that Mr. C. and his four daughters, (the oldest of whom was only ten years) were all asleep together in one bed room, in a corner of the house.

The first indication they had of the fire was, probably not until the building was full of flames, for it is apparent the fire "took" from a keg of ashes in the wood-house, which is some distance from the bed-room. It must have enveloped everything in flames. Rushing in the darkness forth from the bedroom, the frantic children flew in different directions, blinded by the smoke and flames, while the unnatural father, who loved his mony more than his offspring ran up stairs to get his box of valuables while he might have easily opened the bedroom window at the outset, and placed himself and children beyond danger—for the bedroom was on the ground floor. But, alas for human frailty!—his miserly habits ruled him, and his blackened bones and ashes were found, after the fire, lying across his box in the cellar, where he had fallen.

As if this affair were not sufficiently shocking in itself, we are compelled to turn to the poor wife, who, away in Auburn, is contemplating the happiness of her little ones, and the prospect of a speedy reunion with them. Before I left that vicinity, to return to Watertown, to night, a letter was placed in my hands, which had just been received from the poor woman, addressed to her husband, and dated at Auburn, last Friday. I extract for you these portions:

MY DEAR ONES AT HOME: You will all be surprised, and I trust, like me, you will be joyfully surprised, when I tell you that I am coming home next week * * * I should have started this morning, if I had an answer to the letter that I sent on Tuesday, last. I feel as if I cannot possibly wait till it comes. * * * I am not strong enough to endure much though I am very much excited with the prospect of going. I am very much excited with the prospect of going home; hope I shall get calm before I start. I think I see you all looking very happy, my dear children, when pa reads this to you. Be good children, and I hope before another Friday noon to be with you.

"Your affectionate mother, A. M. C."

Alas! alas! for this poor woman, when she learns the fate of her "dear children," and realizes that after all she is alone in the world!—May God pity and strengthen her!

The second topic of which I spoke is more agreeable to dwell upon. Early on Sunday morning, four prisoners, named Wilson, Eddy, Missie and Ward, by feigning the sickness of one of their number, got the jailor at this place, Mr. Baker, in their power, gagged and bound him and locked him in a cell. This done, they robbed him of his money and the keys of the prison, and were calmly taking their leave, when they were "brought all upstanding" by beholding the jailor's little wife pointing at them, through a railing, a loaded revolver, and calmly informing them that she would put a bullet through the first man who attempted to come forward. A conversation something like this followed:

PRISONER—The devil you will! You don't know how to shoot it.

MRS BAKER.—Try it and see, if you like! I have been practising with this pistol for the past few days, and I promise you I will kill the first man who comes forward.

PRISONER—Well, if that's your game, we'll be quits with you. Now, take your choice, young woman—either let us pass out in peace, or submit to have your husband's brains knocked out against the walls of the jail. Which do you like best?" Perhaps that won't be gay, nor nothing, just to see him laying out there cold and stiff, with his brains laying around. Ha! ha!—d—d pretty picture, ain't it? D—d pretty wife you are, ain't ye, to get your husband killed? Come, now, what d'ye say?—Let us out, and it'll be all right—won't ye?—[And the speaker moved forward a step.]

MRS BAKER—*The first man who steps over that sill dies!*

And there that brave woman held those men at bay for something like half an hour, until help came, and they were driven into their cells.

### Desperate Fight with a Man who Wouldn't Pay his Taxes.

The York county papers give the particulars of a desperate encounter with a man named Daniel Strong, residing in Hellam tp., who is a property holder, but has not paid his taxes for seven or eight years. Whenever a tax collector made his appearance, Strong would drive him from his premises, and no officer had yet succeeded in arresting him. On Wednesday of last week officer Waring proceeded to Strong's place to arrest him. Meeting him near the house, he told him his errand, and at the same time attempted to reason with him, saying he had better go with him peaceably, and it would be best for all concerned. At this Strong sent to the house for a pistol, and then commenced swearing in the German language, and abusing the officer in a most shameful manner, thinking, no doubt, to intimidate him and drive him away. The officer tried again to persuade Strong to go with him peaceably, but without avail. He then told him that he would call on the following day, and then he would have to go. He then left Strong and returned to York.

The next day, according to promise, Mr. Waring accompanied by officer Hibner, again paid Strong a visit, and found him and his son Jacob in a field close by their residence, making a fence, with two loaded guns between them. As soon as they observed the officers—which was not until they were but a few feet from the ground the officer also took hold, and now a terrible melee ensued—the elder Strong and Waring striving for the mastery of one gun, and Jacob and Hibner striving for the other. In the scuffle which ensued, the gun which Jacob had hold of was broken to pieces, and rendered useless. Waring succeeded in wrenching the gun from the old man, fired it off and stood it aside. In the meantime, Mrs. Strong and her daughter Susanna, made their appearance on the field of action, and fought like tigers. After one gun was broken and the other fired off, the two men endeavored to drive the officers away with stones, clubs, fists. &c, but they counted without their host, for this time they had men to deal with who would not be driven away. The officers, in self-defence, were compelled to knock them down. Hibner succeeded in getting his man down first, and commenced to tie him. The old man, by some means, managed to get away from Waring, seized a pick axe and raised it to strike Hibner, when Waring again took hold of him, threw him down, and proceeded to tie him.

Whilst they were being tied the women rushed to the rescue; the old woman took the gun which had been left standing by the fence and struck Waring with it, (who caught it on his arm,) and broke it to pieces. The daughter struck Hibner with a stone on the back of the head, causing a painful wound. The parties finally submitted, and the old man, his son and daughter, were brought to York and committed to prision.

A FACT FULL OF MEANING.—In a religious excitement in Boston a person met a Christian neighbor who took him by the hand and said:

"I have become a Christian."

"You are a Christian, then, all at once," said the other; "you profess to act strictly on Christian principles. I am glad of it. I congratulate you. Suppose we now have a settlement of the little accounts between us. Pay me what thou owest."

"No," said the new-born child of grace, turning on his heel, "religion is religion, and business is business"

So the papers tell us. And what is there so very wonderful about it? Is not the world full of such Christianity?

PATIENCE.—"You can do anything if you only have patience,' said an old uncle, who had made a fortune, to a nephew who had nearly spent one.

"Water may be carried in a sieve, if you can only wait."

"How long?" asked the petulant spendthrift, who was impatient for the old man's obituary.

"Till it freezes!" was the uncle's cool reply.

### REV. PETER CARTWRIGHT AT THE ASTOR HOUSE.

Some church affairs made it necessary for Mr. Cartwright to visit New York city some years ago, and it was arranged for him that he should put up at the Astor House. It was here that his brethren expected to meet him; his social and denominational appointments had reference to the Astor House as his head quarters. When Mr. Cartwright, however, appeared at the Astor, there was nothing in his backwoods appearance that suggested to its proprietors his worthy position among the fathers of Methodism; when, therefore, he requested to be shown to his room, he was very cavalierly turned over to a servant to show him up stairs. Up stairs they went—up, up, up—Mr. Cartwright in wondering amazement lost, the servant apparently untiring in his amusement of ascending. Finally, the servant opened the door of an apartment up in the attic story, and pointed it out to Mr. C. as his room. Father Peter detained the servant while he should take a general survey of the premises—repeated the inquiry if this was the room he was to occupy—and at length, appearing to be well satisfied, he disposed of his baggage, and very politely requested the servant to be good enough to show him down stairs again. The servant preceded Father Cartwright down, down, down, till they reached at length the street landing; but, before the servant could make his escape, Peter inquired if he wouldn't please show him *up again!* So up they went again, heavenward, and at last Peter found his room, and permitted the servant to depart in peace. The servant, however, had little more than found himself down stairs, when Uncle Peter rang the bell vigorously. In due time, up came the servant, by this time panting with the usual exertion.

"My good friend, I am sorry to trouble you but I should be glad to see the clerk, if you will be kind enough to send him to my room."

'Oh, certainly.'

And so down, down goes the servant, to say to the clerk that singular old chap up in the upper story wanted him to come to his room.

And then up goes Mr. clerk.

'Are you the clerk?'

'Yes, sir.'

'Well, you will place me under great obligations to you, if you will show me the way down stairs.'"

And when once more down stairs, after Uncle Peter had taken another careful survey of the surroundings, the clerk very politely inquired if there was anything further he could do for him.

"Yes," says Uncle Peter, 'yes my friend, I would be greatly obliged to you for a broad-axe!"

"A broad-axe!" says Mr. Clerk, in astonishment, 'and what do you propose to do with a broad-axe?"

"I thought I should like to *'blaze my way to my room.'*"

It is needless to say that Peter Cartwright was the lion of that week at the Astor; and that it was not further required of him to climb up that endless series of stairways—but, when his friends called again to inquire for, or call upon him, they found him snugly ensconsed in one of the most eligible rooms in the house.

A DISTURBANCE IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.—On Monday, soon after the adjournment of the House of Representatives, the Hon. Mr. Craige, of North Carolina, and a man named Helper, formerly of the same State, and author of an abolition work called "The Impending Crisis," had a slight personal collision in the Hall. The 'States' has the following version of the affray:—

A member who was sitting not far from Mr. Craige, states that a conversation of so marked a character as to arrest attention had been carried on some time between the two, when, finally, Mr. Craige told Helper to go away, and that he wished to have no difficulty with him. Helper made some insolent reply, and Mr. Craige reached out his hand as if to seize him. This Helper resented by a blow, or an attempt at a blow.

A fisticuff, lasting a minute or two, but ending in no material injury to either party, ensued. The rencontre commenced in the centre aisle, and ended in the space in front of the clerk's desk. Members rushed in and separated the belligerents.

According to the Star, Mr, Helper felt himself aggrieved by some recent remarks of Mr. Biggs in the Senate. It appears a norther Senator, in a speech, had quoted from Helper's work something concerning slavery at the South whereupon Senator Biggs indulged in remarks not very complimentary to the author. This induced Helper to endeavor to ascertain who had thus 'posted' Mr. Biggs, and as Mr. Craige came from the district where he (Helper) formerly resided in North Carolina, he approached him under the conviction that he was the informant.

Helper was taken before the magistrate by the sergeant-at-arms, and in the afternoon held to bail to keep the Peace. Senator Hale and Montgomery Blair appeared as his counsel.—Upon searching Helper, immediately after his arrest, a pistol and bowie-knife were found on his person.

A bill to erect a monument to the Pennsylvanians who lost their lives in the Mexican War, to be locatde at Harrisburg, was taken up and passed the Legislature.

Messrs. Rose and Owen, two members of the Pennsylvania Legislature, had a fight in the rotunda of the State Capitol on Thursday last.

Why is the letter e a lazy and extravagant letter? Because it is always in *bed* and never out of *debt*.

The Second Advent people give out that the world will surely "come off" the present year.

### DEATH OF WM. MARKS.

The Pittsburg *Chronicle* says that Gen. William Marks died about noon, Saturday, in Beaver, in full possession of his senses, and in the hope of that joyful immortality which his long Christian profession and practice justified him in entertaining. He was about seventy-eight years of age.

Perhaps no man in Pennsylvania ever served so long in political life. Entering the Legislature in 1810, he continued in it until 1826, during which time he was for six years Speaker of the Senate, and was generally esteemed a prompt, decided and impartial presiding officer.

In 1829 he was elected to the United States Senate, and served a term of six years. In this distinguished body he was cotemporary with Webser, Calhoun, Van Buren, Benton, Berrien, Hayne, and others of the great men of the day, most of whom have gone before him into the spirit land.

It is noteworthy that for five years he was associated with Col. Benton on the Committee on Military Affairs. They were, as we stated before, about the same age, and though differing radically in political faith, they should have died on the same day, and within a few hours of each other, is truly a strange coincidence. May they both meet the reward of lives well spent,

HOW TO GET A FEATHER BED.—The following extract is from Lover's Handy Andy:—'In carrying off the small thing of a feather bed, Jake Take, the bold burglar, showed the skill of a high practioner, for he decended the stairs backwards.'

'Backwards!' exclaimed Harry Logan, 'what's that for?'

'You'll see by and by,' said Croggins.—'He descended backwards, when suddenly he heard the door opening, and a female voice exclaiming—

'Where are you going with that bed?'

'I'm going up stairs with it, ma'm,' said Jake, whose backward position favored his lie, and he began to walk up with it again.

'Come down, said the lady, 'we want no bed here, man.'

'Mr. Sullivan, ma'm sent me home with it himself,' said Jake.

'Come down, I tell you,' said the lady in a rage, 'there's no Mr. Sullivan lives here.'

'I beg your pardon, my lady,' said Jack; then turning round and marching off with his bed fair and square. Well, there was a regular shillo in the house, when the thing was found out, and cart ropes wouldn't hold the lady for the rage she was in.

THE HOOPED SKIRT AND BAPTISM.—At Chicago last week a rather amusing scene took place during the baptism of a young lady by the pastor of the Tabernacle. The *Union* says—'The minister requested her to assume the dress peculiar to such an occasion, but she declined to take off her hooped skirt; the minister told her of the inconvenience that must result from her obstinacy; but like a true female she persisted; but when she came to descend into the bath, the inflated skirt touched the water and rose up around her like a balloon.—Her head was lost to the congregation, she was swallowed up in the swelling shirt, the minister tried to force her down into the bath, but she was kept above the surface by the floating properties of crinoline, and was buoyed up so successfully that it was not until after much difficulty and many forcible attempts to submerge the lady, the minister succeeded in baptizing the fair one.—Finally it was effected, to the relief of the minister and the seriously inclined audience, who could not keep from chuckling in their sleeves, and laughing in their pocket kerchiefs."—*Boston Herald.*

MR. HARRIS OF ILLINOIS.—HIS APPEARANCE IN THE HOUSE.—Hon. S. Colfax, in a letter to his constituents, published in the South Bend Register, says:

Mr. Harris of Ill., is far gone in consumption, and has been bleeding from the lungs in his sick room ever since the last encounter in the House on the outrageous conduct of the Kansas Select Committee, where he acted as the anti-Lecompton leader—when he entered the House exactly five minutes before one o'clock, with feeble step, leaning on the arm of his colleague, Morris, a thrill ran through the House. He could have been spared, but he refused, and declared that if it cost him his life, he should be in his seat to vote his utter condemnation of this shameless Iniquity. When one, who has been for years, a Hebrew of the Hebrews in his devotion to his party, of which he has been an active leader, thus perils his life, to record his hostility to this Tyranny, ought not the people, who love Justice and hate Wrong, to imitate his example and emulate his patriotism, which rises higher than party, and is willing to give his life as a dying protest against it.

Our "Devil," who, a few evenings since escorted a bright-eyed little creature home from church, while on their way she archly looked up into his face, and with a sunny smile upon her countenance, said:

"I'm afraid I shall never get to Heaven," Charley.

"What reason have you for thinking so?" he asked.

"Oh," said she," "because I love the "Devil" too well."

Many letters addressed to the managers of the bogus lotteries recently broken up in the North, enclosing thousands of dollars, have been forwarded to Washington to be restored to their deluded authors.

The populaton of India exhibits a grand total of 180,884,297 souls.

ROMANTIC MEETING.—On the 23d ultimo a passenger came to Portland by the steamer Anglo-Saxon, and took lodgings at one of the city hotels. Next morning he took the cars for this city, in company with a gentleman who had remained at the same house with him over night, and whose countenance he somehow or other imagined familiar. They got into conversation in coming down the Eastern Railroad, but nothing transpired to elicit the fact whether they had been old acquaintances. When they arrived at the depot, and had attended to their luggage, one of the gentlemen inquired in the hearing of the other, for a cab to take him to a certain street in Charlestown. The other said he proposed going to the same street, and the two engaged the same conveyance. On arriving at the street in question, it appeared that they both designed to call on the same individual. This strange series of coincidences greatly puzzled both; but their mutual surprise and delight can be imagined in a degree, when they found they were brothers, and that they had thus singularly met at the house of a third brother. One of them had been in the service of the Pacha of Egypt for twenty-two years, the other has spent sixteen years in the East Indies while the third has been in this country during nineteen years past. The brothers are natives of Scotland, and have not seen each other for twenty-four years.—*Boston Ledger.*

DAD MORTON.—There is an old chap in the State of Vermont, who is known as 'Dad' Morton, and is famous as a story-teller. He relates a great many yarns, some of which are of a Munchausenish charater, though by frequently narrating them he has brought himself to believe that they are indisputable facts. I had been talking with the old man of the sensible manners and customs of our forefathers and their success in doing the business of life, when he broke out:

"I'll tell ye, them ancestors of our'n didn't do nothin' halfways. But there's an awful fallin off of sense them times. Why in my time when I was a boy, things went on more economical than now. We all work'd. My work was to take care of the hen and chickings, from one hen; and I'll tell ye how I did it. I took an old whiskey barrel and filled it up with fresh eggs, and then put it on the south side of a barn with some horse manure around the bung hole. The old critter kept her settin' and in three weeks I heard 'peep.' Then I put my ear to spigot, when the peeping growed like a swarm of bees. I didn't sap anything to the folks at all about the hatching, for they'd all the time told me I was a fool, but the next morning knocked the head out of the barrel and covered the barn floor, two deep, all over, with little chickings. Now, you may laugh as much as you please, but it's true. That's so."

WHERE THE CANARY BIRDS COME FROM.—There is an association in Philadelphia, composed of about thirty Germans, who aim at improving the breed of Canary birds, and last month they published their thirteenth anual report. From that the bird sales of Philadelphia are confined to Germans, and amount to $40,000 annually, and three-quarters of that sum is derived from the sale of canaries. The common or original Canary is of the least value, and sells at about $2; the improved kinds bring from $8 to $10 apiece, and are from Central Europe. The great majority of these birds were obtained from Belgium, where they are bred in houses by the peasants, who raised them as a pastime. They are what are called "long" and "short" breeds. Birds of the long breed are procured from Brussels, Antwerp and Detiz, where they sometimes obtain extravagant prices. Their cost depends upon the color and shape; the pure yellow being the most esteemed. They are only used for the purpose of breeding, and often times sell for $30 a pair. The short breed is raised by the people of Hartz mountains. Next to the Belgium, the French bird is most prized.

MY LIFE HAS BEEN A FAILURE.—So said a capitalist in this country, worth his several millions, on being asked why he did not have a biography of his life written. What an answer, and what a sad truth to be made and considered by one who has spent a long life in amassing wealth; and now, with trembling limbs, stepping into the grave, the startling truth, quite too late it is to be feared, flashed across the mind, that *his life had been a failure*—its great object, and the only one worthy the attention of an immortal being, having been entirely overlooked, or neglected! What more than such a thought need occupy a sane mind, to fill and keep it full of unutterable anguish? Life a failure!

Reader—whosoever you may be, poor or rich—did you ever ask yourself whether your life also has been a failure? Whether you are living merely for this world?—laying up the treasures of which you cannot avail yourself in your time of greatest need?

A HIT AT OLD SANDS OF LIFE.—The *Gleaner* publishes the following testimonial:

"*Messrs. Editors:*—Permit me through your columns, to bear testimony to a valuable medicine. My great aunt has been striving to reach heaven for twenty years.—Having a cough, she finally fell into the hands of the "retired physician," whose "sands of life have nearly run out." She purchased a bottle of his *Cannabis Indica*, from which she gained strength, judging from the violence of her cough. On taking the second her strength so increased that she was able to cough all day and night without interruption. The third landed her in heaven. Thus in the brief space of time, the fond hopes and anticipations of more than a quarter of a century are realized for the sum of seven dollars twelve and a half cents."

# BEDFORD INQUIRER.

## BEDFORD INQUIRER.

BEDFORD Pa.

Friday Morning, May 7, 1858.

"FEARLESS AND FREE."

D. OVER—Editor and Proprietor.


### NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Mrs. Peugh advertises a new and splendid stock of Fancy Goods. Give her a call.

Messrs. Reed & Minnich, advertise a splendid stock of cheap Spring and Summer Goods. Great bargains can be procured from them. Give them a call.

J. M. Barndollar & Son, of Bloody Run, advertise, a new and splendid assortment of New Goods: There's where you can get bargains.

See Mr. Shire's advertisement. He is one of the best machinists in the State.

J. B. Baker, shoemaker, and other advertisements, deserve attention.

☞We call the attention of farmers and others, to the advertisement of Col. JOHN F. LOWRY, of Hopewell. All flour ground at his mills, has the benefit of being at market, and no commission is charged for storing it at the warehouse, and sending to the East. The mills have undergone thorough repair, and better flour cannot be manufactured in the country than at his mills. Col. LOWRY is one of the cleverest fellows in the country, and any thing he promises will be performed and no mistake.

English's bill passed the Senate last Friday by a vote of 31 to 22. In the House by 112 to 103. The fraud so far is consummated, but the *people* of Kansas will reject the iniquity.

Mrs. Sarah E. Potts, has her usual Spring and Summer supply of Fancy Goods on hand. Call and examine for yourselves.

We are unable to publish the proceedings of the Rail Road meeting this week.

### ANTI-LECOMPTON MEETING.

Pursuant to notice, a large and respectable meeting of the opponents of sham-Democracy assembled in the Court House on Tuesday evening last. The meeting was called to order by the selection of BENJAMIN R. ASHCOM, of Snake Spring township, as President; JOHN BLACKBURN of St. Clair, JOHN NYCUM of East Providence, WILLIAM WERTZ of Union, and LEMUEL EVANS, of Broadtop, as Vice Presidents; and *Peter H. Shires* and *David Over* of Bedford Borough, as Secretaries.

The following persons were then appointed as a Committee, one form each Township, to draft Resolutions expressive of the sense of the meeting. Francis Jordan, A. E. Dibert, J. A. Osborn, Wm. Dibert, John Metzgar, Alex. Davis, John McCleary, D. S. Bergstresser, John Evans, James Allison, Charles McLaughlin, Daniel Sams, Wm. E. Clark, Henry Hershberger, William Kirk, S. J. Castner, and J. R. Durborrow.

The meeting was then addressed by John H. Filler, Esq., in a speech of unusual eloquence and ability on the iniquitous course of the national administration in attempting to force upon Kansas a slave constitution against a majority of ten thousand of her citizens. Mr. Filler was greeted with much applause, as he always is, by his eloquence, wit and satire. R. D. Barclay, Esq., was then called, and responded in an able and eloquent speech of more than usual ability on the affairs now agitating the country. This was the first effort of Mr. Barclay in political speaking, and all say that he acquitted himself ably. He was only admitted to practice at the last Court, and he already promises to become one of the ablest and most eloquent members of the bar. The Committee then appeared, and the Chairman, Mr. Jordan, in offering the Resolutions, made one of his usual powerful and eloquent speeches. He exposed the acts of the late incompetent and corrupt Legislature in terms of severe and just denunciation. He was repeatedly greeted with rounds of applause. After some few remarks from S. L. Russell, Esq., R. D. Barclay, Esq., and F. Jordan, Esq., the following Resolutions were unanimously adopted:

*Resolved*: That the present financial embarrassments, and unprecedented hard times, are the manifest and inevitable fruits of sham democracy, practically illustrated. That the anti-American doctrine of free trade has prostrated our manufactories, caused an excessive importation of foreign goods, drained the country of its specie, reduced the prices of produce, deprived labor of its just reward, and forced the National Treasury as well as vast multitudes of our most honest and intelligent fellow citizens to the verge of bankruptcy.

*Resolved*: That the present Executive and Congress, by doing nothing to remedy these evils, under which the whole country is suffering, have failed to meet the reasonable expectations of the people, and evinced a determination to persevere in their exploded free-trade theories and practices for the benefit of foreign labor and capital and to the prejudice of our own, regardless alike of the wants and the sufferings of the people, and the threatened bankruptcy of the country.

*Resolved*: That the present National Administration, by its iniquitous attempt to force slavery upon Kansas under a constitution "which was born in fraud and baptized in perjury," and repudiated at the ballot box by a majority of more than ten thousand of the qualified voters of that ill-fated territory, has violated all the pledges made before the recent national and state elections; and has so outraged the plainest and most fundamental principles of Americanism, sound Democracy and Republicanism, as to have not only lost our confidence, but forfeited our respect.

*Resolved*: That our recent State Legislature whilst it distinguished itself most by doing nothing, has gained a well deserved and unenviable notoriety for the violation of its pledges and the profligacy of its acts: with an almost two thirds party majority, pledged to economy, it increased the pay of its own members for some imaginary service from five hundred to seven hundred Dollars per session; it refused to abolish the Canal board and other officers, after the whole of the public works were disposed of; it has raised the militia tax one half, and increased the salary of the Adjutant General from *three hundred to fourteen hundred dollars*; it attempted to deprive the people of one Judicial District of the State of the constitutional right to elect their own judge by a bill to abolish the District: and lastly it has substantialy abolished the usury laws by taking away all the penalties against the crime of usury: For all these things we hold the State administration and the party which elected it responsible to the voters and tax-payers of the State.

*Resolved*: That having heard that Somerset county has appointed Gen. Wm. H. Koontz to represent this Senatorial District in the approaching State Convention, we hereby concur in said appointment.

*Resolved*: That we hereby appoint Fr. Jordan, as a delegate to said State Convention to represent this district in convention, with such person as Somerset has appointed or may appoint for that purpose.

*Resolved*: That Daniel Washabaugh, Charles W. Ashcom and Daniel Sams, be and they are hereby appointed Congressional Conferees to represent Bedford County, in any Convention which may be held in this district to nominate a candidate for Congress, with power to appoint substitutes in case of inability to attend—these Conferees to be subject to any instruction which our friends in the County may see proper to give them through a County Convention.

### GREAT VICTORY!

#### PHILADELPHIA REDEEMED!

#### Lecompton Won't go down!

We have received the following despatch from a friend, in Phiadelphia, it speaks for itself. More anon:

PHILADELPHIA, MAY 5th.

MR. DAVID OVER,

The municipal Election in this City yesterday passed off quietly. The vote polled was a large one and resulted in the Election of the people's ticket for city officers. Alexander Henry was chosen Mayor by over four thousand majority and the other candidates on the same ticket are also elected. The same party have a majority in councils on joint ballot.—This is claimed as a great anti-Lecompton victory by the opponents of the National Administration and they are rejoicing with exceeding great joy.

*[For the Bedford Inquirer.]*

MR. OVER,

Respected sir:

Please allow me, through your excellent *Inquirer*, to return my sincere thanks to my friends, for the expressions of their regard they have lately presented to me in a substantial way.

On the 22d of last February, I and my family were made very happy, on returning home after a temporary absence, in finding our dining-room table loaded with a number of valuable and well thought of articles for the body, the bed and the table, as a donation from our female friends in Schellsburg.

And on the 22d inst., I was most happily surprised in finding a handsome new carriage, quite suitable for me and my little family, at my door, in the place of my old buggy, and my horse dressed in a new set of elegant silver mounted harness, all presented in the name of a few friends in and about Bedford, Schellsburg and Dry Ridge.

These presents are highly valuable, not merely on account of their intrinsic value, but also as an expression of the kind regards of our friends; and may the Lord be with them all for good. H. HECKERMAN.

Bedford, April 28th, 1858.

THE NATIONAL HOTEL MYSTERY.—It is said by one of the sufferers that no less than 27 persons have died by the Washington Hotel mystery of last year. The gentleman referred to, according to the Journal of Commerce, calculates that, out of a total of three hundred sufferers, at least one half are in a state of decrepitude no better than his own. In spite of all the theories which have been advanced by medical men and sanitary committees, he adheres to the belief that the fatal epidemic, as it was called, was occasioned by nothing else than a malignant mineral poison; and the same opinion is held by other sufferers with whom he has conversed. Up to a recent period he was treated by a physician of this neighborhood as for a malarious or atmospheric poison, with no perceptible benefit, but upon the physician and treatment being changed, substituted an antidote to arsenic, favorable symtoms became at once apparent, and he is now able to leave his apartment.

"Whatever was the origin of the disease, it is very difficult to satisfactorily account for all the phenomena attending it, especially the slow, deadly manner in which it preys upon the system, year after year, until the vital system is destroyed and the strong man prematurely cut off, unless the agency of a malignant mineral poison is admitted."

RACE BETWEEN A HORSE AND A LOCOMOTIVE.—A novel race took place at St. Thomas, on Tuesday last, between a blooded race horse and a locomotive. The horse is decided to be a very fast nag, and so is the locomotive, and both were well trained to the track. The arrangements between the betting parties were, that the horse should be at his starting place when the locomotive come up even, and the word "go" should be given, when away they went under whip and steam. The judges declared the horse winner by one-half length. The bet was $50 a side, and the distance eighty rods. This bears on the question that the horse is faster than steam.

### Senator Wilson's Vindication of Free Labor.

Senator Hammond's Democratic speech denouncing the laboring men of the North as the *mere mudsills* of society, has elicited noble responses from Senator BRODERICK, of California, and Senator WILSON, of Massachusetts, both of whom passed their youth and early manhood at hard and honest toil. We have given extracts from the reply of the former, and now publish a few from that of the latter:—

But the Senator, filled with magnificent visions of Southern power, crowns cotton "king," and tells us that if they should stop supplying cotton for three years, "England would topple headlong, and carry the whole civilized world with her, save the South." What presumption. The South—which own lands and slaves the price fluctuating with the production, use and price of cotton, having no other resource or means of support—would go harmless, while the great commercial centres of the world, with the vast accumulations of capital, the products of ages of accumulation with varied pursuits and skilled industry, would "topple" to their fall. Sir, I suppose the coffee-planters of Brazil, the tea-growers of the Celestial Empire, and the wheat growers on the shores of the Black Sea and on the banks of the Don and the Volga, indulge in the same magnificent illusion, would remind the Senator that the commercial world is not governed by the cotton-planters of the South, the coffee-planters of Brazil, the tea-growers of China, nor the wheat producers of Eastern Europe. I tell the Senator that England, France, Germany, Western Europe and the Northern States of this Union, are the commercial manufacturing, business and monetary centres of the world; that their merchants manufacturers and capitalists grasp the globe; that cotton and sugar, and tea and coffee, and wheat, and the spices of the isles of the Oriental seas, are grown for them! Sir, the cotton-planters of the South are simply their agents, and they perform their task under a necessity quite as great as their own slaves perform theirs under the taskmaster's eye. I would remind the Senator that the free States, in 1850, produced $850,000,000 of manufactures, and that only $52,000,000 of that vast production—only about one-seventeenth part of it—was made up of cotton. Our manufactures and mechanic arts now must exceed twelve hundred million dollars, and cotton does not make up more than seventy million dollars. Does the Senator think the free States would "topple" down if they shold lose one-seventeenth part of their productive industry?

The productive industry of Massachusetts, a State that manufactures more than one-third of all the cotton manufactured in the country, was in 1855, $350,000,000: only $26,000,000, one-thirteenth part of it, was cotton. Does the gentleman believe that a State so, has a productive industry of $350,000,000 about $290 per head for each person, would perish if she should lose $26,000,000, of that vast production?

It is no matter of surprise that gentlemen who live away off on cross-roads, where cotton blooms, should come to believe that cotton rules the world; but a few months' association with the great world would cure that delusion.—"You are our factors!" exclaims the Senator. "You bring and carry for us. Suppose we were to discharge you? Suppose we were to take our business out of your hands, we should consign you to anarchy and poverty!" Sir, suppose, when the Senator returns from this chamber to the cotton-fields, his slaves should in their simplicity, say to him "Massa, you only sell de cotton; we plant; we hoes; we picks de cotton! 'Spose we discharge you!" The unsophisticated "mud sills" would be quite as reasonable as is the Senator. The Senator seems to think the cotton-planters hold us in the hollow of their hands; if they shake them, we tremble, if they close them, we perish.

But the Senator from South Carolina, after crowning cotton as king, with power to bring England and all the civilized world "toppling" down into the yawning gulfs of bankruptcy and ruin, complacently tells the Senate and the trembling subjects of his cotton king that "the greatest strength of the South arises from the harmony of her political institution;" that her forms of society are the best in the world; that "she has an extent of political freedom combined with entire security, seen nowhere on earth."—The South, he tells us "is satisfied, harmonius, and prosperous," and he asked us if we "have heard that the ghosts of Mendoza and Torquemada are stalking in the streets of our great cities; that the inquisitions is at hand, and that there are fearful rumors of consultations for vigilance committees?" Sir, this self-complacency is sublime! No son of the Celestial Empire can approach the Senator in self-complacency. That "society is the best in the world" where more than three millions of beings created in the image of their God, are held as chattles—sunk from the lofty level of humanity down to the abject condition of unreasoning beasts of burden! The "society is the best in the world" where are manacles, chains and whips, auction blocks, prisons, bloodhounds, scourgings, lynchings and burnings, laws to torture the body, shrivel the mind and debase the soul; where labor is dishonored and laborers despised! "Political freedom" in a land where woman is imprisoned for teaching little children to read God's Holy Word; where professors are deposed and banished for opposing the extension of slavery; where public men exiled for quoting in a national convention the words of Jefferson; where voters are mobbed for appearing to vote for free territory, and where book-sellers are driven from the country for selling a copy of that master work of genius, "Uncle Tom's Cabin!" A land of "certain security," where patrols, costing, as in Old Virginia, more than is expended to educate her poor children, stalk the country to catch the faintest rumor of discontent; where the bay of the bloodhound never ceases; where but little more than one year ago rose the startling cry of insurrection; and where men, some of them owned by a members of this body, were scourged and murdered for suspected insurrection! "Political freedom" and "certain security" in a land which demands that seventeen millions of freemen shall stand guard to seize and carry back fleeing bondmen!

The Senator from South Carolina exclaims, "The man who lives by daily labor, your whole class of manual laborers are essentially slaves—they feel galled by their degradation!"—What a sentiment is this to hear uttered in the councils of this democratic Republic! The Senator's political associates, who listen to these words which brand hundreds of thousands of the men they represent in the free States and hundreds of their neighbors and personal friends as slaves, have found no words to rebe. to rebuke his language. The language of scorn and contempt is addressed to Senators who were not nursed by a slave; whose lot it was to toil with their own hands—to eat bread, not by the sweat of another's brow, but by their own.

Sir, I am the son of a "hireling manual laborer," who, with the frosts of seventy winters on his brow, "lives by daily labor." I too have been a daily laborer. I too have been a hireling manuel laborer. Poverty cast its dark and chilling shadow over the home of my childhood, and want was there sometimes—an unbidden guest. At the age of ten years—to aid him who gave me being in keeping the gaunt spectre from the hearth of the mother who bore me—I left the home of my boyhood and went to earn my bread by "daily labor." Many a weary mile have I traveled,

"To beg a brother of the earth
To give me leave to toil."

Sir, I have toiled as a "hireling manual laborer" in the field and in the workshop; and I tell the Senator from South Carolina that I never felt galled by my degredation." No, sir—never! Perhaps the Senator who represents that "other class which leads progress, and civilization, and refinement," will ascribe this to obtuseness of intellect and blunted sensibilities of the heart. Sir, I was conscious of my manhood, I was the peer of my employer; I knew that the law and institutions of my native and adopted States threw over him and over me alike the panoply of equality; I knew, too, that the world was before me, that its wealth, its garnered treasures of knowledge, its honors, the coveted prizes of life, were within the grasp of a brave heart, and a fireless hand, and I accepted the responsibilities of my position, all unconscious that I was a "slave." I have employed others, hundreds of "hireling manual laborers." Some of them possessed, and now possess, more property than I ever owned; some of them were better educated than myself—yes, sir, better educated and better read, too, than some Senators on this floor: and many of them, in moral excellence and purity of character, I could not but feel were my superiors. I have occupied, Mr. President, for more then thirty years, the relation of employer; and while I never "felt galled by my degradation" in the one case, in the other I was never conscious that my "hireling laborers" were my inferiors. That man is a "snob" who boasts of being a "hireling laborer;" that man is a "snob" who feels any inferiority to any man because he is a "hireling laborer," or who assumes any superiority over others because he is an employer. Honest labor is honorable; and the man who is ashamed that he is or was a "hireling laborer" has not manhood enough to "feel galled by degradation."

Having occupied, Mr. President, the relation of either employed or employer for the third of a century; having lived in a commonwealth where the "hireling class of manual laborers" are the depositories of political power," having associated with this class in all the relations of life; I tell the Senator from South Carolina, and the class he represents, that he libels them, when he declares that they are essentially slaves!" There can be found nowhere in America a class of men more proudly conscious or tenacious of their rights: Friend or foe has ever found them.

"A stubborn race, fearing and flattering none."

The Senator tells us, Mr. President, that slaves are "well compensated!" South Carolina slaves "well compensated" Why sir, the Senator himself, in a speech made at home, for home consumption, entered into an estimate to show that a field hand could be supported for from eighteen to nineteen dollars per annum" on the rice and cotton plantations. He states the quantity of corn and bacon and salt necessary to support the "well compensated" slave.

And this man supported by eighteen dollars per annum, with the privilege of being flogged at discretion, and having his wife and children sold from him at the necessity or will of his master, the Senator from South Carolina informs the Senate of the United States, is "well compensated!" Sir, there is not a poor house in the free States where there would not be a rebellion in three days if the inmates were compelled to subsist on the quantity and quality of the food the Senator estimates as "ample compensation for the labor of a slave in South Carolina.

### A DARK AND FATAL FRIDAY.

If we had ever been animated by a partisan feeling, we should now be rejoiced at the action of the Congress of the United States in the passage of the great fraud, consummated at the city which bears the honored name of WASHINGTON, on the 30th day of April, 1858; on *Friday*, the most ominous day of all the week, (according to a superstition, still obeyed even in the most intelligent circles.) This wicked deed of profligate politicians will stir the moral sense of the country to its profoundest depths. It will awaken wide-spread indignation. It will call out emotions which have been stilled because such a deed was believed to be impossible; and it will hurl into utter obscurity and shame those servants of the people who have sought this opportunity to assist in a betrayal, as wanton as it was causeless and unnecessary. To see these men gibbeted and transfixed before the eyes of the world may be a melancholy satisfaction; and to this extent the black business of the blackest Friday that ever this century has seen may be full of compensation.

But we have no rejoicing over a common shame. We have no words of congratulation at an event which inflicts disgrace upon our common country. The more we deliberate upon the record of the last fourteen months, the more do we feel that a blow has been struck at the very heart of our institutions, from which we may never recover.

We saw in this Kansas business, when it assumed its new shape, last autumn, the seeds of a fatal demoralization. Previous to that period it bore the aspect of eminent fairness. Mr. BUCHANAN appeared to us, in all his early movements in regard to it, to be inspired by a Washingtonian patriotism. It had been a difficult problem to others; to him it was as clear as a sunbeam. He felt so himself up to the moment when he supposed he could change his course, and be sustained by the country. That was the weight which pulled him down. The whole nation stood appalled at the transformation. His very office-holders hesitated, and there was not a Northern Senator or Representative within our circle of acquaintance, who did not, at first, doubt or denounce the unexpected and extraordinary example. The only interest that applauded his course was that extreme pro-slavery, cabal, (known to desire a dissolution of the Union,) which had induced him to leave those true and gallant spirits who had so long upheld his standard, and to surrender the holy principle, without which he would be reposing in honorable quiet at Wheatland.

From that moment to the present, what have we witnessed? Nothing but a succession of personal and political degradations.—The principle of the "will of the majority" had become overwhelming. The principle of fidelity to a sworn pledge, and to a consecrated creed, had sunk into all hearts. The President, the Cabinet—*all men* had met upon this patriotic platform. It was built upon honor, and rivetted and clinched by a thousand solemn assurances. To destroy it required herculean exertions, and a series of operations, before which all the efforts of past Administrations have paled their ineffectual fires. It stood out full-armed before the nation, instinct with energy, and resistless from the associations that surrounded it.—But the word had gone forth, *and though it could not be annihilated, it was at least betrayed*. And to accomplish this betrayal, the character of the Democratic party, and of the country, has been shamelessly dishonored.

Independent man, who would not bow to the attempt to sacrifice a principle, were turned out of office, and base and characterless knaves put into their places.

Solemn assurances to high functionaries, written, spoken, and printed, were ruthlessly broken.

Representatives were compelled to change their votes and to violate their plighted faith, and were conscience failed to approve patronage came in to support them.

Calumnies, the most atrocious and cruel, were hurled against all who dared to be true to the truth. Is this all? Would that it were? The formal declaration of a proud, national party was sought to be nullified by the action of Congress, and in substitution for a principle, imposingly declared and solemnly sealed, before the eyes of the whole country, we had offered to us a miserable cheat. The dark deed of a gang of reckless speculators in Kansas was made the test of Democratic faith. Fraud and Falsehood were erected into cardinal virtues, and the protests of fifteen thousand freemen against this deed were laughed at, as the protests of our fathers in the Revolution were laughed at, as the ravings of rebels, and the threats of a mob.

So far for the footprints of this unhallowed Despotism. They are marked on the historic page as the evidences of a receding morality and a degenerating Democracy. They turn back the hands on the dial plates of time, and remind us that we are living in the feudal ages.

Nay, worse than that; for then, if power was great, public men were brave, and the knave that sold his character died the death of the infamous.

But the great crime did not stop here. One wrong after another was tried, till at last, as if to mock at even the semblance of right, the so-called ENGLISH BILL was proposed, the incarnation of treachery and of duplicity—a bill, be it understood, which differed from its precedents in this: that they were swindles and this was a brieb, which, professing to submit Lecompton to the people, did not submit it, according to its Southern expounders, and which, starting out in the preamble with a scandalous misstatement, crowned the whole proceeding with a declaration that if the people of Kansas did not take it, they should fester in dissensions till it suited their masters to admit them!

And this is the scheme that was forced through yesterday—THE BLACK FRIDAY of our century!

Well may the Senator from New York cry "shame" upon the damning deed.

All history will cry shame upon it, too.

*The burden which this outrage attaches to the Democratic party cannot be carried without crushing it.* Candidates for office will be compelled to speak out against it, and those who are silent will pay the penalty of such an acquiescence.

What Kansas may decide upon, we are not authorized to say, but we cannot doubt that she will reject the bribe with scorn. Whether she does or not, the wrong done will be avenged, and the sacred doctrine vindicated. The case has passed into the hands of the people of the States, especially those who have been insulted by their Representatives, as we have been by eleven of our members from Pennsylvania; four of whom represent this proud metropolis, where there is but one sentiment, outside of the office-holders and office-seekers, and that fearlessly against the action of the Congress of the United States, in forcing an odious Constitution upon a protesting people.—*Press.*

### "THE HON. MR. REILLY."

The Chambersburg *Valley Spirit* says that "Mr. Reilly is likely to gain in pocket as well as reputation by the displeasure of THE PRESS."

We do not care a button about the Hon. gentleman's gaining "reputation," (of which, our Chambersburg contemporary would seem to imply he stands sadly in need,) but we do think that whatever he "gains in pocket" ought to be quietly pocketed without saying a word to anybody. Certainly the less said about such matters, the better. If JUDAS did receive the thirty pieces of silver, he was not such a simpleton as to jingle them in everybody's face.

By the way, since the *Spirit* extols Mr. Reilly's eloquence to the skies, and pronounces his speech *in favor* of Lecompton the acme of oratorical and forensic art, why does it not publish, in parallel columns, his other speech *against* Lecompton? The honorable gentleman must still have it in his pocket, unless it has been crowded out by the bulky "gains" over which the *Valley Spirit* chuckles with as much glee as if it were an equal partner in the spoils. By all means, let us have the other speech.—*Philadelphia Press.*


*Sick Head-Ache* can be cured by the use of DU VALL'S GALVANIC OIL, in from 5 to 20 minutes. Sore Breasts and Sore Nipples are cured soundly by the use of the *Galvanic Oil*, and it will remove all sore and pain in a few minutes.

For sale by B. F. Harry, and F. C. Reamer Bedford, William Lysinger, J. B. Farquhar and all country merchants.


☞There is a clock in Philadelphia nearly two hundred years old, which still keeps good time.

### MARRIED.

On the 28th of March, inst., by John Smith, Esq., Mr. JOSEPH BLACKBURN to Miss SUSAN RUPP, all of Napier Township.

At new Paris, on the 15th of April, ult., by the same, Mr. JOHN BOWERS, to Miss SARAH, daughter of Allen Conley, dec'd., all of Napier Township.

At the house of Wm. Crisman, in Napier Township, on the 22nd ult., by the same, Mr. ABRAHAM MOORE to Miss MARY, daughter of Thomas Blackburn, all of St Clair tp.

At the house of the bride's father, on the 29th ult., by the same, Mr. HENRY W. MILLER of St Clair Township, to Miss CATHARINE, daughter of John Lambert, of Shade Township Somerset County, Pa.

On the 29th ult., by Abrm. H. Hull, Esq., Mr. ALEXANDER ICKES, to Miss MARY ANN ICKES, both of Union tp.


## BAZAR! BAZAR!

HAVE you called at the LADIES, BAZAR in Anderson's Row!

MRS. H. D. PEUGH has just returned from the Eastern Cities, with a handsome assortment of ladies and children's fancy goods. Have you seen them?

Her millenery is not to be surpassed in beauty and elegance of style—and at prices astonishingly cheap.

### BONNETS,

White and colored, some as low as 37½ cts—Ladies, Misses, and children's Jockey caps, exquisitely nice and new in style,

### French and American Flowers,

a large assortment; not to be excelled in quality and cheapness—Ribbons, without number, of various styles and color—Ladies Head Dresses—Dress Caps, and numerous kinds of useful and fancy articles for ladies toilet

## Dress Goods,

consisting in part of Robes, challies, Barage de Laines Duealls, Robes a Quilla—Robe Lawns, for $1.25, French muslins—&c., &c.

Silks—Black and Fancy colored Silks, various styles—also handsome Shawls, Mantillas, Lace Capes, Dusters, &c., &c.

## Embroideries,

Such as colars, sleeves, Infants waits and a superior lot of French setts, Handkerchiefs—Edgings, Laces, and Flouncings.

Calicoes and Cottons of all descriptions. Ginghams, ranging in prices from, six, eight, ten, twelve and twenty five cents per yard.

Hosiery—Gloves, Mitts, &c., &c.

Carpet Bags, Traveling Baskets, Toys, Perfumery, and *Jewelry*.

A large assortment of Ladies and childrens shoes, purchased at reduced prices—Ladies slippers at 50 cts, fine lasting Gaiters at $1,25. Other styles corresponding in price. Call and examine for yourself.

MRS. H. D. PEUGH, would embrace this opportunity to render to the Public, her thanks for the liberal patronage she has received, and hopes by a constant effort to please to merit a continuance of the same.

May 7, 1858.

### NEW FIRM.

AND

## NEW GOODS.

THE subscriber, having taking a partner in his store, the business will hereafter be conducted, under the name and title of J. M. Barndollar & Son. All those having unsettled accounts with the subscriber, will please call and settle.

J. M. BARNDOLLAR.

The subscribers are just receiving and opening out a New and Handsome assortment of SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS, which they will sell on as reasonable terms as can be procured in the country for cash, produce, or to prompt six months customers. They respectfully solicit the public patronage.

J. M. BARNDOLLAR & SON.

Bloody Run, April 1, 1858.-3m*

## Notice to Farmers!

THE subscriber having taken charge of the Mills and Warehouse at Hopewell, makes the following proposition to farmers and produce dealers, to wit: All grain placed in the mills, intended for the Hopewell or Broadtop markets, or to be forwarded to any of the Eastern cities, will be conveyed from the mills to the Warehouse, and loaded in the cars, free of charge. The Mills have been thoroughly repaired, and are capable of doing as good work as any mill in the County.

The highest market price paid for all kinds of produce.

JOHN F. LOWRY.

Hopewell, April 6, 1858.-6*

## MRS. S. E. POTTS

HAS just returned from the cities with a large supply of Rich and Handsome Goods, rich silks, Robes of all kinds, DEBEGE ROBES, LAWN ROBES, LINEN ROBES, TRAVELING ROBES, with side trimmings, RICH LACE MANTLES, SILK MANTLES, FRENCH WORKED COLLARS, UNDERSLEEVES, a large quantity of FRENCH WORKED STRIPES, very low, a rich variety of BONNETS, trimmed and untrimmed, as low as 50 cts. RIBBONS, RUSHES, and FRENCH FLOWERS, at all prices, SHOES and GAITERS, a handsome lot of summer SHAWLS, LAWNS and CALICOES, and an endless variety of fancy Goods.

May 7, 1858.

### Shoemending! Shoemending!!

HAVING commenced the business of Shoemending, one door east of Mr. Brice's Hotel; Bedford, Pa., I am prepared to do all manner of work in this line of business, at the shortest notice, and in the most substantial manner, on more reasonable rates than usual, *one thing indispensable*. Give me a call, try my work and judge for yourselves.

J. B. BAKER.

May 7, 1858.


### Attention Bedford Riflemen!

YOU are hereby ordered to parade at your usual place for training, on THURSDAY the 20th day of MAY, at 10 o'clock, A. M. in winter uniform, with plume. A full attendance is requested.

By order of the Captain.

WM. RITCHEY, O. S.

May 7, 1858.


### Samuel Ketterman,

*COUNTY SURVEYOR.*

WOULD hereby notify the citizens of Bedford county, that he has moved to the Borough of Bedford, where he may at all times be found by persons wishing to see him unless absent upon business pertaining to his offic.

Bedford, April 30, 1858.

## BEDFORD ACADEMY.

The Summer session of this Institution will commence on Wednesday, April 21st.

The efficient County Superintendent of the Public Schools, Rev. H. Heckerman, will assist in the instruction of youth during the coming quarter. Persons, therefore, wishing to pursue a course of study with the view of preparing themselves to teach in our Common Schools, will enjoy rare advantages in connection with this Institution.

GEORGE W. AUGHINBAUGH, Principal.

April 9, 1858.

BEDFORD

## *Machine Shop!*

THE subscriber would most respectfully announce to the farming community, and public in general, that he still continues to manufacture at his shop, in Bedford, Pa., the following farming utensils, of the very best material, and in the most workmanlike manner, viz:

**Four and Six Horse Tumbling Shaft Power Machines,**

with large open cylinders, six staves, and spikes screwed in, and improved Straw Shakers attached. Their superiors for strength and speed are not made in this or any other County in the State.

Four Horse Tumbling Shaft and Strap power Machine, with cylinder open or shut, as may be desired, and shaker of the best kind, for convenience, ease of draft, and perfect working. This machine has no superior any where. THREE HORSE MACHINES, of the same kind. TWO AND THREE HORSE TUMBLING SHAFT POWER MACHINES, a very convenient and excellent machine for small farmers, with or without shakers.

### HILL SIDE PLOUGHS,

of a very superior pattern to any in use in this country. SINGLE AND DOUBLE SHOVEL PLOUGHS, WITH STEEL SHOVELS.

### CULTIVATORS,

Peckham's New York FIVE-HOED STEEL POINT EXPANDING CULTIVATOR; Rogers Pittsburg patent STEEL TOOTH EXPANDING CULTIVATOR, for working corn, or seeding in grain, Fanning Mills, Horse Rakes Lever Cutting Boxes, Harrows and Wheelbarrows, made to order.

All the above articles constantly on hand, and sold on reasonable terms.

*REPAIRING* of all kinds of Machines, whether made here or elsewhere, done on the shortest notice.

Castings for all my machines and Ploughs, made at the Foundry of Mr. Michael Bunnan, in Bedford, and will compare with any made in the State for strength and durability *BLACKSMITHING* done to order. All my work warrented to give satisfaction.

From a past experience of twenty years in the Machine business, I feel confident that I can give entire satisfaction to all who may favor me with a call. Call and examine my work before you purchase elsewhere, as I am determined to please all.

Horses, grain of all kinds, lumber and iron, will be taken in exchange for work.

PETER H. SHIRES,
*Machinist.*

Bedford, May 7, 1858.–8m

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LATEST NEWS FROM KANSAS.

## REED & MINNICH'S STORE.

THE very last arrival of SRING & SUMMER GOODS—bought at the right time, and in the right manner, to ensure fabrics worth buying and at fair prices—REED & MINNICH deal not in humbugs, cap traps or *bails*, but on actual inspection, you will find a heavy stock of

### AMERICAN & FOREIGN GOODS,

of a very superior quality, and to be had at prices gratifying to the purchaser and remuncrative to the seller. Reed & Minnich will have nothing to do with giving some goods away, and putting the "Tariff" on somewhere else—good merchandise always ensures sales at living prices. *Come and See,* bring your CASH AND PRODUCE, and if you do not get cheap goods say there is no truth in this advertisement.

*Dry Goods,—Dress Silks, Robe a Quilles, Madonas, Organdy Lawns, Delaines, Calicoes.*

*Dress Goods, and Trimmings, in great Variety, Bonnets, Ribbons, Gloves, Hosiery, French and American Cloths and Cassimeres, Summer Clothes and Jeans, Woolen and Canton Flannels, Sheetings, Muslins, Linens, for all purposes, Twillings, drillings, &c.*

**Queensware and Glassware,**

an assortment unequalled in Bedford.

### Boots and Shoes.

Reed & Minnich know how to buy boots and shoes of all styles. *Call and See.* They will speak for themselves.

**HARDWARE AND GROCERIES,**

*Sugars,* of different qualities and prices, *Syrups, Molasses,* and every article in this line

We cannot enumerate all our goods. Call and we will show you free of charge, and feel happy to do so Call and you will find yourself at the right place to buy.

May 7, 1858.

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## BEDFORD RAIL ROAD.

SINCE the charter has been granted for the "Bedford Rail Road," the citizens of Bedford have been much excited and interested upon the subject. This interest is not confined to the citizens of town, but extends throughout the country. and *crowds are daily rushing to Rupp's New and Handsame Store,* in *Anderson's Row,* where a *large* and *attractive assortment* of *beautiful Spring* and *Summer Goods,* are opening, which will be sold cheaper than ever offered before in this place.

The stock consists in part of

| | |
|---|---|
| *Robes de Shaum* | *Barage de Laines,* |
| *Robes a Quille,* | *Lavillas,* |
| *Organdie Lawns,* | *White & printed Brillhants,* |
| *Challies,* | *Plain and Figured Swiss.* |

*Latest Style Lawn Robes for $1.50.*

*Mohair Mixture for 18¾ cents per, yard.*

*De Laines of all descriptions from 6¼ to 25 per yard.*

*Lawns of various styles for 6¼ cts. per yard.*

*An extensive assortment of beautiful prints ranging from 4 to 12½ cents per yard.*

Muslins of all *prices* and *qualities.*

A large assortment of *Ladies* and *Misses, Gloves* and *Hosiery* from the *low figure of 5 cts. up.*

Pure linen *Handkerchiefs for 5 cts.,* and a *full* and *complete assortment* of *LADIES DRESS GOODS* generally.

A large and well selected assortment of CLOTHS, CASSIMERES and VESTINGS,

Consisting in part of

Black French and English Cloths,
Blue do do do.
Olive do do do.
Black Cassimeres.
Black Doe Skins.
Fancy French and American Cassimeres.

*VESTINGS.*

Grenadines, plain and figured.
Radzemiro do do
Velvets do do

and a great variety of Marsielles Vestings.

Fancy Silk and Lawn Neck Ties, from 6¼ cents to 62½ cents.

A complete assortment of *Ladies* and *Misses* BOOTS, SHOES and GAITERS. Also a large assortment *Mens* BOOTS and SHOES.

My assortment of GROCERIES *can't be beat.*

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Brown Sugar for | 6¼ | cts per | pound. |
| First rate Brown Sugar for | 8 | " " | " |
| Extra do do " | 10 | " " | " |
| White Sugar for 12½, 14 and | 15 | " " | " |
| First Rate Rio Coffee for | 12½ | " " | " |
| Extra do do " | 15 | " " | " |
| No. 1 Java do " | 15 | " " | " |
| Best N. O. Molasses " | 12½ | " " | quart. |
| Good Syrup do " | 12½ | " " | " |
| Extra do do " | 18¾ | " " | " |

Good Corn Brooms for a *dime.*

Bacon by the pound.

☞ All of which will be sold *cheaper* than the *cheapest.* Don't forget to call at *RUPP'S NEW STORE,* in *Andersou's Row,* one door east of Cessna & Shannon's office, and opposite the Gazette office.

G. W. RUPP.

Bedford, April 30, 1858.

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**LUMBER.**

We have for sale seventeen thousand feet of spruce and pine boards—also a large supply of poplar scantling.

Feb. 19, 1858. A. B. CRAMER & CO.

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## NEW GOODS!

THE undersigned respectfully inform their friends and customers that they have just opened a very large and general assortment of

### SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,

consisting in part as follows:

Silks, Challies, Alpacas, Delaines, Lawns, Barages, Brilliants, French and American Chintzes, Ginghams, Gloves, Collars, Hosiery, &c., &c.

**SHAWLS and MANTILLAS,**

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Cloths, | Cassimeres, | Vestings, |
| Muslins, | Drillings, | Tickings, |
| Ky. Jeans, | Linens, | Sheetings, |
| Cottonades, | Flannels, | Cassinetts, |
| Nankeens, | Cambrics, | Checks, |

### CHEAP CARPETS,

White and Colo'd Carpet Chain, Floor Oil Cloths, Matting and Rugs, Boots, Shoes, Hats and Caps, also a large supply of fashionable

**Ready-Made Clothing,**

Also, a full stock of GROCERIES, WOODENWARE, &c.

Having selected our goods with great care, we are enabled to offer our customers

**VERY GREAT BARGAINS**

for CASH—all kinds of Country Produce—or on a credit of six months to punctual dealers.

An examination of our stock is respectfully solicited.

A. B. CRAMER & CO.

Bedford, April 30, 1858.

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**UNION HOTEL,**
**Bedford, Pa.**

THE subscriber respectfully announces to the public that he has opened a Hotel, under the above name, in the old and well known Globe building, on West Pitt Street, formerly owned and occupied by Mr. John Young, where he will be happy to see all his friends, and the traveling public generally. Persons attending Court are respectfully invited to give him a call. He pledges himself that he will do all in his power to render all his guests comfortable.

His Table will be supplied with the choicest delicacies the market will afford.

The Bed Rooms will contain clean and comfortable bedding.

The Bar will be supplied with choice liquors.

The Stable will be attended by a careful and attentive hostler.

☞ Boarders will be taken by the day, week, month and year.

JONATHAN HORTON.

Bedford, April 30, 1858.

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## MILLENERY.

MRS. SOPHIA D. GIBSON would respectfully announce that she has purchased the stock of Mrs. E. Goodzeit, and is prepared to furnish any article in the Millinery line, of the best materials and most approved styles. She has just returned from the East with a complete assortment of

**BONNETS**

and TRIMMINGS, and having secured the assistance of Mrs. Goodzeit for the present, feels sure of giving satisfaction to all who may desire articles in her line.

April 30, 1858.

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## 1858. NEW STORE! 1858.

**NEW GOODS**
FOR
**Spring and Summer, 1858!**

**OSTER, MANSPEAKER & CIRN,**

ANNOUNCE to their friends and the public, that they are now receiving from Philadelphia and New York, and opening out in their newly fitted up room formerly, occupied by Rupp & Oster, an entirely

**New and Brilliant Stock**

Of desirable new style, French, British and American

**DRY GOODS,**

embracing a large and general assortment of STAPLE AND FANCY ARTICLES, comprising in part;

RICH FANCY DRESS SILKS, RICH GLOSSY BLACK SILKS, MADONA AND LAVELLA CLOTHS, ROBE A'QUILLA, OR SIDE STRIPES, DE LAINE ROBES, ORGANDIE ROBES, GINGHAM ROBES, LAWN ROBES, FRENCH DUCALS, LAWNS AND GINGHAMS, WHITE AND PRINTED FRENCH BRILLIANTS, JACONETS AND LAWNS NEW SPRING STYLES DE LAINES, CHALLIES, GINGHAMS AND PRINTS, BROAD CLOTHS, CASSIMERES, SATINETS, JEANS, COTTONADES, &c., &c.,

Together with a choice assortment of

**Fresh Family Groceries,**

Queensware, Cuttlery, HATS, CAPS and BONNETS,

**BOOTS, SHOES and GAITERS.**

Having purchased our goods LOW FOR CASH, we are prepared to offer GREAT INDUCEMENTS TO CASH BUYERS. We will sell exceedingly

**CHEAP FOR CASH,**

OR APPROVED SIX MONTHS' CREDIT.

Come and see for yourselves, and be convinced, whether you wish to buy or not. No trouble to show goods.

☞ All kinds of produce taken in exchange for goods.

Bedford, April 23, 1858.

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LATEST NEWS FROM UTAH!

**Fresh Arrival of**

## SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS

**AT SHOEMAKERS' STORE!**

THE undersigned, having just returned from the Eastern Cities, are now receiving a large and splendid assortment of *SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS,* which they are determined to sell cheap. Their stock consists in part of *Cloths, Cassimeres, Satinetts, Jeans,* and a large assortment of *Men's and Boys' wear.*

*Ladies' Dress Goods, Silks, Delaines, Calicoes, Alpacas and Lawns.* A large assortment of *Boots, Shoes, Hats and Caps.* Coffee, Sugar, Syrups, Molasses, Black and Green Teas, Queensware, Hardware, Buckets, Tubs, Knives and Forks, &c.

All kinds of Produce taken in exchange for goods.

To good and punctual customers a credit of six months will be given.

J. & J. M. SHOEMAKER.

April 23, 1858.

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**Election of Trustees.**

NOTICE is hereby given, that the annual election will be held for the trustees of the Bedford Hall Association, at the Odd Fellows Hall, in the Borough of Bedford, at one o'clock P. M. on Monday the third day of May next.

By order of the Trustees

FR. JORDAN, *Sec'y.*

April 23, 1858.–5.

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**Admintstrator's Notice.**

LETTERS of Administration having been granted to the subscriber, living in South Woodberry Township, on the estate of Frederick Smith, late of said Township, dec'd, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

D. F. BUCK, Adm'r.

April 16, 1858.–6

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## A LIST OF RETAILERS

*Of Foreign and Domestic Goods, Wares and Merchandize, of Bedford County, for the year 1858.*

*Bedford Borough.*

| | Class. | Tax |
|---|---|---|
| H. D. Pengh, | 14 | 7 00 |
| A. B. Cramer & Co. | 12 | 12 00 |
| Nicholas Lyons, | 14 | 7 00 |
| G. W. Rupp, | 13 | 10 00 |
| Jacob Reed, | 13 | 10 00 |
| Samuel Brown, | 14 | 7 00 |
| Samuel Shuck & Co. | 14 | 7 00 |
| Robert Fyan, | 14 | 7 00 |
| J. & J. M. Shoemaker, | 14 | 7 00 |
| Sarah E. Potts, | 14 | 7 00 |
| Isaac Lippel, | 14 | 7 00 |
| Colin Loyer. | 14 | 7 00 |
| Agnes Saupp, | 14 | 7 00 |
| John Arnold, [hardware] | 14 | 7 00 |
| Wm. Hartley, do | 14 | 7 00 |
| George Blymire, do | 14 | 7 00 |
| Dr. B. F. Harry, | 14 | 7 00 |
| Dr. F. C. Reamer, | 14 | 7 00 |
| Adam Ferguson, | 14 | 7 00 |
| A. L. Deffaugh, [eating house] | 8 | 5 00 |
| Jacob Bollinger, do | 8 | 5 00 |

*Bedford Township.*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Jacob Barnhart, | 14 | 7 00 |
| John S. Ritchey, [distillery] | 4 | 50 00 |

*Broadtop Township.*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Barndollar & Everhart, | 12 | 12 00 |
| Fluck & Eichelberger, | 13 | 10 00 |

*Colerain Township.*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| N. E. Evans, | 14 | 7 00 |
| A. E. James, | 14 | 7 00 |
| J. & J. M. Shoemaker, | 14 | 7 00 |

*Cumberland Valley Township.*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Jacob Anderson, | 14 | 7 00 |
| Thomas Fisher, | 14 | 7 00 |
| Daniel R. Anderson, | 14 | 7 00 |
| Thomas Growden, | 14 | 7 00 |

*East Providence Township.*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| John Nycum, | 14 | 7 00 |
| D. A. T. Black, | 14 | 7 00 |
| Louderbaugh & Pee, | 14 | 6 00 |

*Hopewell Township.*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| John Dasher, | 14 | 7 00 |
| Henry S. King, | 14 | 7 00 |

*Harrison Township.*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Valentine B. Wertz, | 14 | 7 00 |
| John W. Smith, | 14 | 7 00 |
| Andrew J Snively, | 14 | 7 00 |

*Juniata Township.*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Wm. Keyser, | 14 | 7 00 |
| Hillegas & Mowry, | 14 | 7 00 |
| Lewis N. Fyan, | 14 | 7 00 |

*Liberty Township*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| David S. Berkstresser, | 14 | 7 00 |
| Lewis Putt, | 14 | 7 00 |
| John Cypher, | 14 | 7 00 |
| Steel & Entriken, | 14 | 7 00 |
| Jacob Fockler, | 14 | 7 00 |
| John Hefner, [eating house] | 8 | 5 00 |

*Londonderry Township.*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Jacob Devore, Jr. | 14 | 7 00 |
| Burns & Thorp, | 14 | 7 00 |
| Thomas J. Porter, | 14 | 7 00 |

*Monroe Township.*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Daniel Fletcher, | 14 | 7 00 |
| James R. O'Neal, | 14 | 7 00 |

*Napier Township.*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| John Wade, | 14 | 7 00 |
| Peter Hillegas, [distillery] | 4 | 50 00 |

*West Providence Township.*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Murray & Brother, | 14 | 7 00 |
| Jacob Barndollar & Co. | 14 | 7 00 |
| James M. Barndollar, | 13 | 10 00 |
| Thomas Ritchey, | 14 | 7 00 |
| Fisher & Barnett, | 14 | 7 00 |
| Nicholas Koontz, | 14 | 7 00 |

*Schellsburg Borough.*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| B. F. Horn & Brother, | 14 | 7 00 |
| A. B. Bunn, | 14 | 7 00 |
| E. Statler & Son, | 14 | 7 00 |
| Colvin & Robinson, | 14 | 7 00 |
| John S. Schell, | 14 | 7 00 |

*St. Clair Township.*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| F. D. Beegle, | 14 | 7 00 |
| G. B. Amick & Brother, | 14 | 7 00 |
| George Hinesling, | 14 | 7 00 |
| G. D. Trout, | 14 | 7 00 |
| Simon Hershman, | 14 | 7 00 |
| Thomas B. Smith, | 14 | 7 00 |
| John H. Schell, | 14 | 7 00 |

*Southampton Township.*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| John Cavender, | 14 | 7 00 |
| Wm. Lashley, | 14 | 7 00 |
| Kirk & Fletcher, | 14 | 7 00 |
| Rice & Miller, | 14 | 7 00 |

*Union Township.*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| John M. Walters, | 14 | 7 00 |

*Middle Woodberry Township.*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Jacob Brenneman, | 13 | 10 00 |
| C. W. Ritkelsen, | 14 | 7 00 |
| Simon Beard, | 14 | 7 00 |
| Michael Pote, | 14 | 7 00 |
| John Wisegarver, [eating house] | 8 | 5 00 |

*South Woodberry Township.*

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Piper & Scott, | 14 | 7 00 |
| S. R. Oster, | 14 | 7 00 |
| George Kaufman, | 14 | 7 00 |
| D. F. Buck, | 14 | 7 00 |
| D. Beegle, | 14 | 7 00 |

Notice is hereby given, that an Appeal will be held at the Commissioners Office, in Bedford, on Saturday, the 8th of May, A. D., 1858.

LEVI AGNEW, Appraiser of Mercantile Tax for the year 1858.

April 2, 1858.

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**Glue Manufactory.**

THE subscribers would respectfully inform the public that they are engaged in manufacturing a superior article of glue, at different prices, at their residence in Snakespring Valley, two miles east of Bloody Run, and are prepared to fill promptly all orders. All in want of this article can have their orders attended to by addressing the undersigned at Bloody Run.

The subscribers wish to purchase a quantity of tanners' fleshings, and those having any for sale, can dispose of them by applying as above.

In connection with their glue manufactory, they also carry on the weaving business, and will weave coverlets and carpets on reasonable terms and at the shortest notice.

MORRIS RICHTER & SON.

April 16. 1858.–3m.

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**Auditor's Notice.**

THE undersigned, appointed to distribute the balance in the hands of F. Jordan, Esq., adm'r of the estate of Samuel Cromwell, late of the Borough of Bedford, dec'd, will attend for that purpose at his office, in Bedford, on Thursday, the 29th of April, inst., at 10 o'clock, A. M., when and where all persons interested may attend if they see proper.

JNO. MOWER, Auditor.

April 16, 1858.

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**PLASTER.**

In quantities to suit purchasers, for sale by

A. B. CRAMER & CO.

Feb. 19, 1858.

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Bazin's and Lubin's Extracts for the Handkerchief, Cologne Water, &c., at Dr. Harry's.

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**CHEAP SHOES.**

About fifty pair of children's and women's shoes—a little out of style—will be sold very cheap by

Feb. 19, 1858. A. B. CRAMER & CO.

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Country Physicians, can have their orders filled, with the very best articles, at city prices at Dr. Harry's Cheap Drug Store, Pitt st. Bedford, Penn'a.

Oct. 31, 1856. DR. B. F. HARRY.

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For the Hair—Jockey Club, and new mown hay, pomatums, genuine ox marrow at Dr. Harry's.

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**TREASURER'S SALE**
OF
## UNSEATED LANDS,
AND TOWN LOTS IN BEDFORD COUNTY.

Agreeably to the provisions of an Act of the Assembly, directing the mode of selling unseated lands for taxes and for other purposes passed the 13th of March, 1815, and the supplements thereto passed the 13th day of March, 1817, and the 25th of March, 1831. The Treasurer of Bedford County hereby gives notice to all persons concerned therein, that unless the County, State, School and Road Taxes due on the following tracts of Unseated Lands, situate in Bedford County, are not paid before the day of sale, the whole, or such parts of each tract as will pay the taxes, and the cost chargeable thereon, will be sold at the Court House, in the Borough of Bedford, on the second Monday of June, next, (14th day,) for the arrearages of taxes due, and the cost accrued thereon; and said sale will be continued from day to day until all are disposed of.

SAMUEL DAVIS, *Treasurer.*

| *Acres.* | *Ps.* | *Warratees or Owners.* | *Taxes.* |
|---|---|---|---|
| | | *Bedford Township.* | |
| 300 | | Margaret Diehl. | $ 88 |
| 404 | | James Tubman. | 6 80 |
| 95 | | Thos. J. Bonnett. | 1 72 |
| | | *Broadtop Township.* | |
| 150 | | James Entriken | 13 20 |
| 8 | | James Entriken, | 96 |
| 51 | | Wm. T. Daugherty, | 15 92 |
| 399 | | John Belts, | 5 40 |
| 63 | | Jacob Myers, | 3 60 |
| 403 | | John Bollman, | 15 60 |
| 402 | 140 | Wm. Bunn | 14 40 |
| 205 | 50 | Wm. Lane, | 6 74 |
| 30 | | Lewis T. Watt'on, | 60 |
| 200 | | John Devereaux, | 6 60 |
| 427 | | Mary Montgomery, | 7 88 |
| 205 | | Newlan & Marshall, | 5 00 |
| 421 | | John Montgomery, | 8 92 |
| 339 | | Stephans & Co, in right of Shreaves, | 10 16 |
| 30 | | Rathnell Wilson, | 1 10 |
| 5 | | Aaron Evans, | 12 |
| 265 | | Jos. Figard, | 1 58 |
| 69 | | Wm. Figard, | 2 34 |
| 39 | | Rathnell Wilson, | 48 |
| 28 | | do do | 36 |
| 100 | | do do | 1 80 |
| 60 | | John King, | 3 56 |
| | | *Colerain Township.* | |
| 600 | | Sam'l Williams, | 2 24 |
| 90 | | Jos. & Eman. Diehl, | 84 |
| 45 | | Wm. Smith, | 73 |
| | | *Cumberland Valley Township.* | |
| 397½ | | John Sample, | 5 96 |
| | | *Hopewell Township.* | |
| 200 | | John Corby, | 1 20 |
| 150 | | James Howard, | 88 |
| 404 | | Richard Moan, | 48 |
| 420 | | John Cheney, | 52 |
| 404 | | Joseph Moan, | 48 |
| 404 | | Sam'l Moan, | 48 |
| 424 | 35 | Alex. Moan, | 24 |
| 206½ | | John McIlney, | 52 |
| 192 | | Timothy Moan, | 24 |
| 200 | 54 | Israel Moan, | 28 |
| 196 | 50 | Zach. Moan, | 24 |
| 222 | | Elizabeth Piper, | 24 |
| 212 | 20 | John Boyd, | 24 |
| 214 | 65 | Wm. Davis, | 24 |
| 216 | 60½ | Isabella Davis, | 24 |
| 220½ | | Wm. Piper, | 28 |
| 238 | | John Hardin, | 28 |
| 221 | | Ignatius Hardin, | 28 |
| 434 | 125 | James Wilson, | 52 |
| 187 | 40 | David Piper, | 24 |
| 425 | | George P. Alberti, | 1 20 |
| 402 | 57 | Stephen Moan, | 48 |
| 342 | | Dan'l Kerr, | 9 60 |
| 60 | | Sam'l Livingston's heirs, | 72 |
| 28 | | Geo. Wishart, | 40 |
| | | *Harrison Township.* | |
| 163 | | Nicholas Knight, | 24 |
| | | *Liberty Township.* | |
| 60 | | Abel Putt, | 70 |
| 473 | 84 | Hannah Alberti, | 8 25 |
| 448 | | Mariah Alberti, | 10 65 |
| 100 | | Geo. B. Kay, | 1 48 |
| | | *Londonderry Township.* | |
| 453 | | Joseph Gardner, | 1 36 |
| 150 | | John Sadler, | 1 80 |
| | | *Napier Tp.* | |
| | | Abner Rodgers. | 60 |
| | | *East Providence Tp.* | |
| 200½ | | Thos. Logan, | 88 |
| 403 | | Charles Evans, | 1 20 |
| 402 | 46 | Keziah Logan, | 1 20 |
| 462 | 62 | Charles Logan, | 1 20 |
| 400 | 75 | John Cavan, | 1 20 |
| 400 | | Thomas Cavan. | 1 20 |
| 398 | 38 | Thos. Logan, | 1 20 |
| 406 | 103 | Alex. Cavan, | 1 20 |
| 400 | | Ezekiel Cook, | 1 20 |
| 80 | | Solomon Williams, | 40 |
| 100 | | Jacob Ritchey, | 36 |
| 17 | | Francis Gibbs, | 16 |
| 406 | | Isaac Cavin, | 1 20 |
| | | *West Providence Tp.* | |
| 6 | | Wm. Paxton, | 32 |
| 183 | | Dudley Daugherty, | 2 82 |
| | | *St. Clair Tp.* | |
| 4 Lots | | Jacob Inks heirs, | 48 |
| 204 | | David McRobert, | 1 20 |
| 477 | | James Ross, | 1 20 |
| 411 | | Wm. Snively, | 1 20 |
| 62 | | Henry Koontz, | 50 |
| | | *Southampton Tp.* | |
| 200 | | James Riggs, | 60 |
| 439 | | Paul Ward, | 1 32 |
| 357 | | Patrick Ward, | 1 08 |
| 351 | | Joseph Ward, | 1 04 |
| 353 | | Jonathan Ward, | 1 04 |
| 136 | | Isaac Hunter, | 2 08 |
| 488 | | F. Clingerman, | 1 20 |
| | | *Union Tp.* | |
| 400 | | John Swaggart, | 7 90 |
| 400 | | Leonard Swaggart, | 10 64 |
| 266 | | Alex. Gardner, | 8 90 |
| 16 | | Dr. Wm. Smith, | 1 78 |
| 143 | | Sam'l Burket, | 52 |
| 16 | | John Shee, | 88 |
| 100 | | James Johnston, | 2 58 |
| 150 | | Frederick Snider, | 60 |
| 40 | | Jeremiah Jackson, | 5 56 |
| 411½ | | Jacob Swaggart, | 4 36 |
| 440 | | Wm. Pierson, | 10 36 |
| 440 | | Ebenezer Branham, | 11 68 |
| 420 | | Conrad Imler, | 1 80 |
| 100 | | Christley Bowser, | 9 72 |
| 200 | | George Laib, | 1 34 |
| 100 | | Jacob Burket, | 2 07 |
| 150 | | Peter Shoenberger, | 1 84 |
| 143 | | Samuel Burket, | 1 40 |
| 33 | | Hugh Porter, | 14 02 |
| 439 | | Griffith Evans, | 10 00 |
| 403½ | | Philip Stine, | 9 76 |
| 439 | | John Martin, | 11 64 |
| 438 | | John Taylor, | 10 32 |
| 439 | | Wilson Hunt, | 10 32 |
| 438½ | | Alex. Scott, | 10 22 |
| 427 | | Dr. P. Shoenberger, | 2 96 |
| 124 | | do do | 48 |
| 140 | | do do | 48 |
| | | *Middle Woodberry Tp.* | |
| 379 | | Daniel Montgomery, | 19 01 |
| 401½ | | Wm. Montgomery, | 31 1- |
| 172 | | ——— McIlna, | 14 3 |
| 117 | | Daniel Montgomery, | 10 9- |
| 180 | | Daniel Montgomery, | 4 4 |
| 1 Lot | | Jacob Strock, No. 72 | 4- |
| 1 Lot | | Jacob Strock, No. 74 | 1 0 |
| | | *South Woodberry Tp.* | |
| 200 | 16½ | Isabella Davis, | 24 |
| 55 | 100 | John S. Hetrick, | 28 |
| 222 | | Elizabeth Piper, | 24 |

April 9, 1858.

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**WAGONS.**

THREE new two horse wagons on hand, work warranted—will be sold on a liberal credit—or exchanged for produce.

A. B. CRAMER & CO.

Feb. 19, 1858.

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**DR. SANFORD'S**
## INVIGORATOR,
**OR LIVER REMEDY**

THIS IS ONE OF THE GREATEST SCIENtific medical discoveries ever made, and is daily working cures almost too great to believe. It cures as if by magic, *even the first dose giving benefit* and seldom more than one bottle is required to cure any kind of *Liver* Complaint, from the worst Jaundice or Dyspepsia to a common head ache, all of which are the result of a *Diseased Liver.*

The liver is one of the principal regulators of the human body, and when it performs its functions well, the powers of the system are fully developed The stomach is almost entirely dependent on the healthy action of the Liver for the proper performance of its functions. When the stomach is at fault, the bowels are at fault, and the whole system suffers in consequence of one organ—the Liver—having ceased to do its duty. For the diseases of that organ, one of the proprietors has made it his study, in practice of more than twenty years, to find some remedy wherewith to counteract the many derangements to which it is liable.

To prove that this remedy is at last found, any person troubled with Liver Complaint in any of its forms, has but to try a bottle, and conviction is certain.

A compound has been formed by dissolving gums and extracting that part which is soluble for the active virtues of the medicine. These gums remove all morbid or bad matter from the system, supplying in their place a heal hy flow of bile, invigorating the stomach causing food to digest well, purifying the blood, giving tone and health to the whole machinery, removing the causes of the disease, and effecting a radical cure without any of the disagreeable after effects, felt by using Calomel or Mineral poison, that are usually resorted to.

To all who will follow these directions a cure is positively guaranteed. SICK HEADACHE can be cured by the use of two tea-spoonsful taken as soon as the attack is felt.

The Invigorator *never fails* to cure sour stomach or the bad effects experienced after eating.

Billious attacks yield readily to one bottle, and Chronic Diarrhœa, difficult as it is to cure, is never troublesome to those who take the Invigorator.

For Dyspepsia or Jaundice, nothing in the konwn world act so fully or cures so quickly as the Invigorator. It removes all yellowness and unnatural color from the skin.

For Night Mare, take a dose before retiring, and it is warranted a sure preventative.

For Female Obstructions it is a safe and sure remedy, as it removes the cause of the disease.

Costiveness cannot exist where the Invigorator is used taken, while Cholic yields readily to a few

It must be known that all these are *Liver* diseases, or caused by a deranged Liver, and to cure them needs a Liver medicine and one of great power. The Invigorator is such a medicine; it has medicinal powers, never before discovered, that will cure all diseases of the Liver, no matter o. how long standing, or what may be their form. The active medicinal virtues extracted from the gums used is such as to be astonishing to all who see their effects, for none can use the medicine without receiving benefit. It acts as a gentle Cathartic, and should always be taken in sufficient quantities to operate on the bowels gently. The best way to take it is to take the medicine in the mouth, then rtake some water and swallow both together. In this way the medicine will scarcely be tasted.

SANFORD & CO., Proprietors, 345 Broadway, New York.

For sale by Dr. B. F. Harry, and Druggist's generally

Feb. 12, 1857.–3m.

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**Dissolution of Partnership.**

THE partnership heretofore existing and trading under the firm name of Blymire & Hartley, has this day been dissolved by mutual consent. The Books, notes and accounts are in the hands of Wm. Hartley, who is hereby authorized to settle the same. All persons knowing themselves indebted to the firm of Blymire & Hartley, will save costs by paying up, before the Books and notes are placed in the hand of a collector.

March 26, 1858.

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**HAMMERED IRON.**

THE subscribers woud inform the public, that they have leased, the Bedford Forge heretofore carried on by John King & Co., situate in Hopewell Township, where they are now manufacturing, and are prepared to supply all orders for every description of hammered Iron, on the shortest notice, and most liberal terms. Their Iron may be relied upon as being of the best quality. All kinds of country produce, and all kinds of wrought Iron scraps, taken at the highest market prices. PIPER & SCOTT.

Nov. 27, 1857.–tf.

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**IMPORTANT TO MILL OWNERS.**

WOODWARD'S Improved Smut and Screening Machines, Mill Bushes, Bolting Cloths, and Bran Dusters, of the most improved plan, Mill Screws, Corn and Cob Grinders, Patent Bridges for Mill Spindles, Portable Mills, warranted to grind ten bushels per hour, Mill Irons and Mill Burrs made to order. Also, Stover's Patent Corn Kiln and Grain Dryer—a valuable invention. The above articles are kept constantly on hand, and can be obtained at any time, from S. D. BROAD,

Schellsburg, Bedford County, who is also the agent for Bedford, Somerset, and adjoining Counties.

Mill wright work done at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms.

February 15, 1856.

McCORMICK'S Reaper and Mower for sale by S. D. BROAD,

at Schellsburg, Pa., agent for Blair and Bedford counties.

February 15, 1856.

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**EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.**

LETTERS testamentary having been granted by the Register of Bedford County to the undersigned upon the estate of Christian Winebrenner, late of Middle Woodberry Township, dec'd, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said deceased are hereby requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or accounts against said estate, will please present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JACOB KIFER,
DAVID BOYER,
Exors,
Residing in M. Woodberry Tp.

April 2, 1858.

---

**SHRYOCK & SMITH,**
**CHAMBERSBURG, PA.,**

BOOKSELLERS and STATIONERS, and Dealers in Music and Musical Instruments. Our stock consists of Books, Stationery, Music, Musical Instruments, Wall papers, Blinds, French, German and American Lithographs and steel engravings, gilt mouldings for frames, etc., etc., wholesale and retail. Dr. B. F. Harry is our agent for Bedford, and all orders given him will be promptly attended to.

March 7, 1857.

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WALL and BLIND PAPER.—Dr. B. F. Harry is our agent for this necessary article. By calling at his store, our patrons will see samples of our papers. We have made our spring selections with much care, and think we cannot fail to please.

SHRYOCK & SMITH,
*Chambersburg.*

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**Administrator's Notice.**

LETTERS of Administration having been granted to the subscriber, residing in Middle Woodberry Township, on the estate of J. H. Keagy, late of said Township, dec'd all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment immediately, and those having claims against the same, will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

D. L. KEAGY,
April 9, 1858.–6.* Administrator.

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**For Producing Hair on Bald Heads, and Restoring Grey Hair to its Natural Color.**

THIS ASTONISHING AND UNEQUALLED preparation has never failed to produce a growth on Bald Heads, when used according to the direction, and turn hair back to its original color, after having become gray and reinstate it in all its original health, lustre, softness and beauty. Removes at once all scurf, dandruff and unpleasant itching scrofula, eruptions and feverish heat from the scalp. It also prevents the hair from becoming unhealthy and falling off and hence acts as a perfect

HAIR INVIGORATOR AND TONIC.

A gentleman of Boston writes to his friend in New Bedford thus:

To your inquiries, I would reply, that when I first commenced using Professor Wood's Hair Restorative, my hair was almost white, and had been so for the last ten years and it was very thin on the top of my head, and very loose, and pulled out freely; but I found that before I had used all the second bottle, (which was eight weeks) my hair was entirely changed to its original color, light brown, and is now free from dandruff and quite moist. I have had my hair cut five or six times since the change, and have never seen any thing like white hair starting from the roots; and it is now as thick as it ever was, and does not come out at all. It has proved in my case all that I could wish to ask.

July 1, 1855. Yours, etc. —

*[From the Boston Herald.]*

SOMETHING WORTH KNOWING.—By using Professor Wood's Hair Restorative, gray hair can be permanently restored to its original color. The subjoined certificate from Johnson & Stone, Gardiner, Maine, is but one of the many instances that are daily coming to our knowledge, of its wonderful effects. It is no longer problematical but a self-evident truth, as hundreds in our community can testify.

GARDINER, Maine, June, 2 , 1854.

DEAR SIR: I have used two bottles of Professor Wood's Hair Restorative, and can truly say it is the greatest discovery of the age for restoring and changing the hair. Before using it, I was a man of seventy. My hair has now attained its original color. You can recommend it to the world without the least fear, as my case was one of the worst kind. Yours, respectfully,

Prof. O. J. Wood. D. N. MURPHY.

BROOKFIELD, Massachusetts, Jan. 12, 1855.

DEAR SIR:—Having made a trial of your Hair Restorative, it gives me pleasure to say that its effect has been excellent in removing inflammation dandruff, and a constant itching tendency with which I have been troubled from childhood; and has also restored my hair, which was becoming gray, to its original color. I have used no other article with anythinglike the pleasure and profit.

Yours, truly, J. K. BRAGG.

Pastor of the Orthodox Church, Brookfield.

Professor Wood.

*[From the Missouri Democrat.]*

WOOD'S HAIR DYE.—This admirable article is rapidly improving the hair. No article of a similar kind, now before the public, enjoys a better reputation as a restorative and invigorating hair tonic. Its peculiar chemical qualities have a beneficial effect upon the growth and character of the hair, giving a silky and glossy texture to that which was formerly of a coarse and dry nature.—It has, also, we understand, a tendency to preserve the youthful color and appearance of the hair, and destroying or counteracting the effects of age. With such recommendations in its favor, we hardly perceive how any lady or gentleman should be without so valuable an adjunct to their toilet

BEDFORD INQUIRER.

## BLOODY RUN FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP.

THE subscribers are now prepared, at their Foundry in Bloody Run, to fill all orders for castings of any description for Grist and Saw Mills, Threshing Machines, Apple Mills, Ploughs, and all things else in their line that may be needed in this or the adjoining counties.

We manufacture Threshing Machines of 2 4 or 6 Horse power, *warranted* equal if not superior to any made in the State. We keep constantly on hand a full assortment of Woodcock, Plug, and Hillside Ploughs, *warranted* to give satisfaction or *no sale*. Points, shares and landsides, to fit all Woodcock or Seyler Ploughs in the County.

Farmer's Bells, Ploughs and Castings of our make may be had at Foundry prices at the store of Wm Hartley, Bedford, Pa., Louderbaugh & Pee, East Providence Tp., John Nycum & Son, Rays Hill. Times being hard, we offer great inducements to Farmers and Mechanics to buy of us.

All kinds of repairing done in a neat and substantial manner, and all work warranted. Call and examine our work and castings and judge for yourselves.

JOSIAH BAUGHMAN & BRO.

March 26, 1858.–tf.

## FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP!

THE subscribers having formed a partnership under the style of "Dock & Ashcom" for the purpose of conducting a general

**FOUNDRY AND MACHINE**

business in the establishment recently erected by Gilliard Dock, in Hopewell, Bedford county, are now prepared to execute orders for *CASTINGS AND MACHINERY* of every description. They will build to order steam-engines, coal and drift-cars, horse powers and threshing machines—also, casting of every kind for furnaces, forges, saw, grist and rolling mills, ploughs, water-pipe, columns, house fronts, brackets, &c.. &c.

They are also, now making a fine assortment of STOVES of various kinds of the latest patterns and most approved styles, including several sizes of COOK STOVES of the best make, heating stoves for churches, offices, bar-rooms, &c.

A full assortment of Stoves will be kept constantly on hand, and sold at wholesale and retail, at prices to suit the times, and quality, warranted equal to the best eastern make.—Machinery of all kinds repaired promptly.—Patterns made to order.

GILLIARD DOCK,
C. W. ASHCOM.

Nov. 6, 1857,

## Great Arrival of FALL AND WINTER GOODS.

JUS Treceived and on hand, the best assortment of **BOOTS and SHOES** that could be selected for the citizens of Bedford, and strangers visiting the place. 1 door south Minnick's Confectionary Store, on Juliana treet.

Mens' Grained Water-Proof long legged Boots, Mens' thick sole eastern made long legged Boots, Mens' Kip and coarse Heavy Boots, Gents' Fine Calf double sole Boots, Gents' Oxford Ties, Gents' Congress Gaiters, Mens' Heavy city made Brogans, Ladies' Morocco Boots, Ladies' Goat Heel Boots, Womens' Calf heavy winter Boots; Misses' and Childrens' Boots in variety, Boys' Boots of all kinds, size and description.

**CAPS**, in variety, will be always kept on hand.

Persons wishing to purchase good Boots and Shoes will please give me a call before buying elsewhere.

ADAM FERGUSON.

Oct. 2, 1857.

## EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

LETTERS testamentary having been granted by the Register of Bedford County to the undersigned upon the estate of Christian Winebrenner, late of Middle Woodberry Township, dec'd, all persons knowing themselves indebted to said deceased are hereby requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or accounts against said estate, will please present them properly authenticated for settlement.

JACOB KIFER,
DAVID BOYER,
Exors,
Residing in M. Woodberry Tp.

April 2, 1858.

## NOTICE.

The Account of Sam'l H. Tate, Assignee of Sansom & Gephart, has been filed at the office of the Prothonotary of the Court of Common Pleas of Bedford County, and the same will be presented to said Court for confirmation, on Friday, the 7th day of May, next.

Also the Account of John Fickes, committee of the person and estate of Peter Colebaugh, a Lunatic of Union Township, at the same time and place.

SAMUEL H. TATE, *Proth'y.*

Prothonotary's Office, April 9, 1858.

## R. D. BARCLAY, ATTORNEY AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA.,

WILL attend promptly and faithfully to all legal business entrusted to his care.

☞Office on Juliana Street, in the building formerly occupied by S. M. Barclay, Esq., dec'd.

March 26, 1858.

## Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration having been granted to the subscriber, living in South Woodberry Township, on the estate of Frederick Smith, late of said Township, dec'd, all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims against the same will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

D. F. BUCK, Adm'r.

April 16, 1858.–f

## DENTIST.

C. N. HICKOK.

Will attend punctually and carefully to all operations intrusted to his care Teeth filed, plugged, regulated, &c., and artificial teeth inserted, from one to an entire set.
Charges moderate, and all operations warranted.
☞ Terms INVARIABLY CASH.
Office on East Pitt street, Bedford, Pa.

## Just Received at the New Firm, REED & MINNICH'S,

An elegant assortment of Spring Goods, of the best quality, consisting of Cloths, Cassimeres, Tweeds, Jeans, and Cottonades, 40 pieces of the latest style Calicoes and Ginghams. Also, Muslins, bleached and unbleached, of every grade, all of which will be sold at the lowest figure for cash.

April 9, 1858.

## JOHN H. ALLEN & CO.

*NOS. 2 & 4 CHESTNUT Street, (south side, below Water,) PHILADELPHIA,*
(THE GREAT WOOD-WARE HOUSE, IN THE CITY.)

MANUFACTURERS and Wholesale dealers in Patent Medicine, made *BROOMS*, Patent Grooved *CEDAR-WARE*, *Warranted not to shrink*, *WOOD and WILLOW-WARE*, *CORDS*, *BRUSHES*, &c., of all descriptions. Please call and examine our stock.

Feb. 27, 1857.–zz.

## LUMBER.

We have for sale seventeen thousand feet of spruce and pine boards—also a large supply of poplar scantling.

Feb 19, 1858. A. B. CRAMER & CO.

## NOTICE.

THE following persons have filed their petitions for, license in the Clerk's Office, to be presented to the Court of Quarter Sessions, of Bedford County, on Friday, the 7th day of May, next:

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| Mrs. Mary Cook, | Bedford Bor., | Tavern. |
| V. Steckman, | " | " |
| John Hafer, | " | " |
| J. G. Minnick, | " | Eating House: |
| John Todd, | Bedford Tp., | Tavern. |
| J. K. Bowles, | " | " |
| J. S. Mullen, | " | " |
| Jas. S. Beckwith, | Broadtop, | " |
| Jas. Eichelberger, | " | " |
| Geo. W. Figard, | " | " |
| John Foster, | " | Eating House. |
| Edward Pierson, | " | " |
| Joshua Filler, | Colerain, | Tavern. |
| Jacob B. Anderson, | Cumb Valley, | " |
| Mrs. Haney, | " | " |
| Valentine B. Wertz, | Harrison, | " |
| Martin Feightner, | " | " |
| Josegh Foller, | Juniata, | " |
| James Burns, | " | " |
| Joseph Wolford, | " | " |
| Catherine Tricker, | Liberty, | " |
| Jacob A. Raum, | " | " |
| Jonathan Fichtner, | Londonderry, | " |
| James Burns, | " | " |
| James Carnell, | Monroe, | " |
| George Stucky, | Napier, | " |
| David A. T. Black, | E. Providence, | " |
| Wm. Gracy, | " | " |
| John A. Gump, | W. Providence, | " |
| John M. Robinson, | Schellsburg Bor., | " |
| George Colvin, | " | " |
| Bernard O'Neil, | Southampton, | " |
| Peter Amick, | St. Clair, | " |
| Thomas Reighart, | Union, | " |
| Michael Weyant, | " | " |
| Alexander & Joseph Stoner, | S. Woodb'y | " |
| Wm. M. Pierson, | M. Woddberry, | " |
| Henry Fluck, | " | " |

SAML. H. TATE,
*Clerk*

Clerk's Office, April 16, 1858.

## REGISTER'S NOTICE.

ALL persons interested, will take notice, that the following accountants have filed their accounts in the Register's office of Bedford County, and that the same will be presented to the Orphan's Court for confirmation, on Friday, the 7th day of May, next, at the Court House in Bedford.

The Account of Adam Kettering, Adm'r of the estate of John Teeter, late of Monroe Township dec'd.

The Account of Wm. M. Hall, Esq., Adm'r of the estate of Amos Raley, late of Londonderry Township, dec'd.

The supplemental Account of John Cessna, Esq. Adm'r of the estate of Abraham Sparks, late of West Providence Township, dec'd.

The Account of Thomas Blackburn, Guardian of Elizabeth Miller, formerly Elizebeth Griffith of St. Clair Township

The Account of John Blair, Esq., Adm'r of the estate of John Blair, late of Cumberland Valley Township, dec'd.

The Account of Job Mann, surviving Adm'r with the will annexed of S. M. Barclay, Esq , late of the Borough of Bedford, dec'd.

SAMUEL H. TATE, *Register.*

Register's Office, April 9, 1858.

## LIST OF CAUSES

PUT down for Trial at May Term, (3d day,) 1858.

Elizabeth Kelly vs. William Walsh
John Shreeve vs. Joseph Hixon
John Cook vs. School Directors
John Koontz use vs. Michael Reed
Samuel Amick vs. Joseph S. Reed et al
E. Goit and wife's use vs. David Patterson
——Lowry and wife's use vs. Same
Samuel Moses exor's et al vs. John Alsip
Peter J. Little vs. Jacob Stock
John May vs. George Troutman et al
Jacob Farbner's use vs. John Alsip
H. & B. R. P. & T. Road Co. vs. Pat. Leddy
Benjamin Mahoney vs. Solomon Sponsler
James Patton vs. Dr. William Burch
D. D Keaggy's use vs. P. Morningstar et al
Philip Hardman et al vs. Elias Hite
Wm. C. Logan Esq. vs. D. H. Hoffus Esq.
Wm. Border's use vs. John Taylor et al
Abr'm Reighart vs. Thomas Imler et al
Powell W. Dishong vs. David Walter et al
Charles Stuckey vs. Henry Moses et al
Dr. Wm. Blair vs. Archibald Blair
John Wenmer vs. Anthony Clingerman

SAMUEL H. TATE, *Proth'y.*

Proth'ys Office, April 9, 1858.

## IMPORTANT TO MILL OWNERS.

WOODWARD'S Improved Smut and Screening Machines, Mill Bushes, Bolting Cloths. and Bran Dusters, of the most improved plan, Mill Screws, Corn and Cob Grinders, Patent Bridges for Mill Spindles, Portable Mills, warranted to grind ten bushels per hour, Mill Irons and Mill Burrs made to order. Also, Stover's Patent Corn Kiln and Grain Dryer—a valuable invention. The above articles are kept constantly on hand, and can be obtained at any time, from S. D. BROAD,

Schellsburg, Bedford County, who is also the agent for Bedford, Somerset, and adjoining Counties.

Mill wright work done at the shortest notice and on the most reasonable terms.

February 15, 1856.

McCORMICK'S Reaper and Mower for sale by S. D. BROAD,

at Schellsburg, Pa., agent for Blair and Bedford counties.

Febrxary 15, 1856.

## DR. WALTON'S AMERICAN PILLS.

### JOY TO THE AFFLICTED.

### YOUNG AMERICA VICTORIOUS!

ONE small box of Pills cures ninety-nine cases out of a hundred. No Balsam, no Mercury. no odor on the breath, no fear of detection. Two small pills a dose; tasteless and harmless as water. Full directions are given, so that the patient can cure himself as certain as with the advice of the most experienced surgeon, and much better than with the advice of one of little experience in this class of disease.

SENT BY MAIL TO ANY PART OF THE COUNTRY by enclosing one dollar to Dr. D. G. Walton, No. 154 North Seventh St. below Race, Philadelphia. *A liberal discount to the trade.* None genuine without the *written* signature of D. G. Walton, Proprietor.

Dr. W.'s treatment for Self-abuse, Weakness, &c., is entirely different from the usual course.—Dr. W. has cured hundreds who have tried others without benefit. The treatment is as certain to cure as the sun is to rise. Enclose a stamp, and address Dr. W. as above; giving a full history of your case, and you will bless the day you made the effort to secure what is certain—A RADICAL CURE.

Jan. 29, 1858.–zz.

Country Physicians, can have their orders filled, with the very best articles, at city prices at Dr. Harry's Cheap Drug Store, Pitt st. Bedford, Penn'a.

Oct. 31, 1856. DR. B. F. HARRY.

For the Hair—Jockey Club, and new mown hay, pomatums, genuine ox marrow at Dr Harry's.

## SHERIFF'S SALES.

BY virtue of sundry writs of Fi. Fa. to me directed, there will be sold at the Court House in the Borough of Bedford, on Monday, the 3d day of May, 1858, at 1 o'clock, P. M., the following described real estate, to wit:

One tract of land, containing 170 acres, more or less, about 100 acres cleared and under fence, with a two story log house, with kitchen attached, and log barn thereon erected; also an apple orchard thereon. Adjoining lands of James Clark on the southeast, and the Juniata river on the north and west. Situate in Liberty township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Jacob Snyder.

Also one tract of land, containing 100 acres more or less, about 50 acres cleared and under fence, with a log house and log barn thereon erected, also some fruit trees thereon; adjoining lands of Wm. Fletcher, Wm. Robison, Charles Linn and others. Situate in Southampton township, Bedford county, and taken in execution as the property of Geo. Blankley.

Also, one tract of land, containing 60 acres, more or less, about 40 acres cleared and under fence, with a two story log dwelling house, tenant house, and log stable thereon erected, also an apple orchard thereon; adjoining lands of Daniel L. Defibaugh, Lawrence Jamison and others. Situate in Snakespring township, Bedford County—

Also, all Emanuel Easter's right, title, interest and claim in and to one tract of land containing 35 acres, more or less, about 12 acres cleared and under fence, with 2 log dwelling houses, frame stable, and a three story frame grist mill thereon erected, adjoining lands of Samuel Beckley, Jacob Miller and others Situate in St. Clair township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Emanuel Easter, deft.

Also the undivided ⅓ part of a certain tract of land, containing 173 acres, more or less, of which about 20 acres are cleared and under fence, being the same tract conveyed to def't, Hezekiah Easton, and others, by A. W. Evans and wife, by deed in the Recorder's office, in deed book A. B., page 154; adjoining lands of A. W. Evans, John McCanles, Kessler & Co., and others—

Also, the undivided ½ part of a tract of land containing 205½ acres, more or less, of which about 100 acres are cleared and under fence, with 2 apple orchards, and having thereon erected 2 dwelling houses and 2 barns, it being the same land conveyed to def't and others by Wm. Anderson, (see deed book, page 349,) adjoining lands of Asa Duvall and others—

Also, the undivided ½ part of a tract of land, containing 97 acres, more or less, of which about 10 acres are cleared and under fence, it being the same land conveyed to def't and others by Septemus Foster and wife, by deed dated March 16, 1857 adjoining lands of Richard Foster, John Lair, Jas. Figart's heirs and others—

Also, the undivided 5-16 part of a tract of land containing 130 acres and 39 perches, more or less, of which about 30 acres are cleared and under fence, being the same land conveyed to def't and others by Ephraim Foster, administrator of Richard Foster, by deed dated June 14, 1855, adjoining lands of Asa Duvall, John Lair and others—

Also, all deft's interest in and to a tract of land unimproved, containing 388 acres more or less, bounded on the east by lands of James Patton and Ab. Bollman, on the west by the Juniata river and Daniel Young, surveyed on a warrant to def't and James Patton, dated Feb. 16, 1854; all situate in Broadtop township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Hezekiah Easton.

Also, all defendants' Rudolph Hoover and Jacob Teeter's interest in and to a certain story and a half frame weatherboard house, being 50 ft. in front and 25 ft. back, and the lot and piece of ground and curtilage appertaining thereto; a joining lands of Jackson Galbraith on the northeast corner, and lands of Rudolph Hoover on all other sides. Situate in Middle Woodberry township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Rudolph Hoover and Jacob Teeter, defendants.

Also, all def't Daniel Metzgar's right, title interest and claim in and to a tract of land containing about 112 acres more or less, about 30 acres cleared and under fence, with a two story log house and log barn thereon erected, adjoining lands of John Metzgar, Wm. Showman and wife, and others.—Situate in Harrison township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Daniel Metzgar.

Also, one lot of ground, in the town of Hopewell, fronting 30 feet on Mifflin street and extending back 150 feet, with a two story plank house and smoke house thereon erected, adjoining lot of Barndollar, Lowry & Co., on the north, and lot of Henry K. Strong on the southeast—

Also, one lot of ground, in the town of Hopewell, fronting about 150 feet on Wood street, and about 120 on Broad street, extending back to mill race, and lying three square, with three two story rough cast dwelling houses, blacksmith shop shoemaker shop and tinner shop thereon erected—

Also, all defendant's right, title and interest in 30 acres of unimproved coal land, warranted in the name of John L. Grove, adjoining lands of John Cessna, Esq.; the Hopewell Coal and Iron Company and others—

Also, one tract of unimproved bottom land, known as the Adam Young tract, containing 25 acres, more or less, adjoining Juniata river on the north, and lands of John King's heirs on the east and west—

Also, all defendant's Thomas W. Horton's right, title, interest and claim, in and to one tract of land, called Buck Bottom, containing 60 acres, more or less, about 4 acres cleared and under fence, with a story and a half plank house thereon erected, adjoining lands of William Forrester on the west, and the Juniata river on the north, east and south—

Also, all the defendant's interest in and to three tracts of unimproved coal lands, warranted in the name of Thomas W. Horton and Jesse Grove, containing in all about 150 acres, more or less, adjoining lands of William Montgomery, now John Cessna, Esq., on the north and west, and lands of John Ford and others on the south, and lands of William Evans on the east, and all the above described lands situate in Broadtop township, Bedford County, except Buck Bottom, which is situate in Hopewell township, Bedford County, and taken in execution as the property of Thomas W. Horton, and to be sold for cash.

WM. S. FLUKE,
Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office, April 9, 1858.

## COURT PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS the Honorable FRANCIS M. KIMMELL, President of the several Courts of Common Pleas in the counties composing the 16th Judicial District, and Justice of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer, and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of capital and other offenders in the said District—and A. J. SNIVELY and JOHN G. HARTLEY, Esquires, Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas and Justices of the Court of Oyer and Terminer, and General Jail Delivery, for the trial of all capital and other offenders in the county of Bedford—have issued their precept and to me directed, for holding a Court of Common Pleas, and General Jail Delivery, and Court of Oyer and Terminer at Bedford, on MONDAY the 3d day of May next. NOTICE is hereby given to all the Justices of the Peace, the Coroner and Constables within the said county of Bedford, that they be then and there in their proper persons, with their rolls, records, and inquisitions, examinations and other remembrances, to do those things which to their offices and in that behalf appertain to be done, and also they who will prosecute against the prisoners that are or shall be in the Jail of Bedford county, to be then and there to prosecute against them as shall be just.

WILLIAM S. FLUCK, Sheriff.

April 9, 1858.

## NOTICE.

Letters of Administration on the estate of Mrs. Sophia Mower, late of Colerain Township, dec'd, having been this day granted to the subscriber, residing in said Township, all persons indebted to said estate are therefore notified to make payment to the subscriber immediately, and those having claims against said estate will present them forthwith properly authenticated for settlement.

EMANUEL J. DIEHL, *Adm'r.*

March, 26, 1858.–6t.

Physicians prescriptions carefully compounded, at all hours of the day or night at Dr. Harry's, Drug Store.

## 25 WITNESSES; or, THE FORGER CONVICTED.

John S. Dye is the Author,

Who has had 10 years experience as a Banker and Publisher, and Author of

*A series of Lectures at the Broadway Tabernacle,*

when, for 10 successive nights over ☞ 50,000 People ☜

Greeted him with Rounds of Applause, while he exhibited the manner in which Counterfeiters execute their Frauds, and the Surest and Shortest Means of Detecting them!

*The Bank Note Engravers all say that he is the greatest Judge of Paper Money living.*

**GREATEST DISCOVERY OF the Present Century for Detecting Counterfeit Bank Notes.**

Describing every Genuine Bill in Existence, and exhibiting at a glance every Counterfeit in Circulation!!

Arranged so admirably, that REFERENCE is EASY and DETECTION INSTANTANEOUS. ☞ No index to examine! No pages to hunt up! But so simplified and arranged, that the Merchant, Banker, and Business Man can see *all at a Glance.*

*English, French and German.*

**Thus Each may read the same in his own Native Tongue.**

**Most Perfect Bank Note List Published.**

Also a List of

**All the Private Bankers in America.**

A Complete Summary of the FINANCE OF EUROPE AND AMERICA will be published in each edition, together with all the important NEWS OF THE DAY. Also

*A SERIES OF TALES*

From an Old Manuscript found in the East. It furnishes the Most Complete History of

**ORIENTAL LIFE,**

Describing the Most Perplexing Positions in which the Ladies and Gentlemen of that Country have been so often found. These Stories will continue throughout the whole year, and will prove the Most Entertaining ever offered to the Public.

☞ Furnished Weekly to Subscribers only, at $1 a year. All letters must be addressed to

**JOHN S. DYE, Broker,**
Publisher and Proprietor, 70 Wall Street,
April 24, 1857–zz. New York.

ONE DOLLAR A YEAR. Circulation, over 100,000 Copies Weekly.

## STAGE OFFICE. WASHINGTON HOTEL, Bedford, Pa.

MRS. MARY COOK would announce to her friends and the public, that she has fitted up this old and well known stand, in a very superior style, for the accommodation of the public. Visitors to the Bedford Mineral Springs will find the Washington Hotel a comfortable summer retreat—and no pains will be spared to please all who patronize the house.

Boarders will be taken by the day, week, month and year.

☞A gentleman of high qualification, and corteous deportment, has charge of the house, who will do all in his power to make the guests happy and comfortable.

☞Terms as moderate as anywhere else in the place.

Daily Stages from Latrobe, Cumberland, Hollidaysburg and Hopewell, all stop at this Hotel.

A Hack belonging to this Hotel will run between Bedford and the Springs.

Bedford, June 12, 1857.–zz.

## HOWARD ASSOCIATION, PHILADELPHIA.

*A Benevolent Institution, established by special endowment for the relief of the sick and distressed, afflicted with Virulent and Epidemic diseases.*

TO all persons afflicted with Sexual Diseases, such as SPERMATORRHŒA, SEMINEL WEAKNESS, IMPOTENCE, GONORRHŒA, GLEET, SYPHILLIS, the Vice of ONANISM, or SELF ABUSE,

The HOWARD ASSOCIATION, in view of the awful destruction of human life, caused by Sexual diseases, and the deceptions practised upon the unfortunate victims of such diseases by Quacks, several years ago directed their Consulting Surgeon as a CHARITABLE ACT worthy of their name, to open a Dispensary for the treatment of this class of diseases, in all their forms and to give MEDICAL ADVICE GRATIS, to all who apply by letter, with a description of their condition, (age, occupation, habits of life, &c.,) and in cases of extreme poverty, to FURNISH MEDICINES FREE OF CHARGE. It is needless to add that the Association commands the highest medical skill of the age, and will furnish the most approved modern treatment.

The Directors, on a review of the past, feel assured that their labors in this sphere of benevolent effort, have been of great benefit to the afflicted, especially to the young, and they have resolved to devote themselves, with renewed zeal, to this very important but much despised cause.

Just published by the Association, a Report on Spermatorrhœa, or Seminal Weakness, the Vice of Onanism, Masturbation or Self-Abuse, and other Diseases of the Sexual Organs, by the Consulting Surgeon, which will be sent by mail, (in a sealed letter envelope,) FREE OF CHARGE, on receipt of TWO STAMPS for postage.

Address, for Report or treatment, Dr. GEORGE R. CALHOUN, Consulting Surgeon, Howard Association, No. 2 South Ninth Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

By order of the Directors.

EZRA D. HEARTWELL, *President.*
GEO. FAIRCHILD, *Secretary.*
Dec. 4, 1857.–zz.

## NOTICE TO THE HOLDERS OF POOR HOUSE CHECKS.

The Directors of the Poor of Bedford County, hereby give notice to the holders and owners of Poor House checks that it will be to their interest to present them to the Treasurer, George W. Blymire, at Bedford. The object in having them presented, is to ascertain the amount of indebtedness, so that the Directors may be enabled to fix the taxes and make other arrangements to discharge the same. Those living at a distance can send in the amount.

The Tax Collectors are also notified that the balances due on their duplicates must be paid or the necessary means will be resorted to to compel payment.

GEORGE D. SHUCK,
GEORGE ELDER,
GEORGE SMOUSE,
Directors.

April 9, 1858.–d.

WALL and BLIND PAPER.—Dr. B. F. Harry is our agent for this necessary article. By calling at his store, our patrons will see samples of our papers. We have made our spring selections with much care, and think we cannot fail to please.

SHRYOCK & SMITH,
*Chambersburg.*

## Administrator's Notice.

LETTERS of Administration having been granted to the subscriber, residing in Middle Woodberry Township, on the estate of J. H. Keagy, late of said Township, dec'd all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment immediately, and those having claims against the same, will present them properly authenticated for settlement.

D. L. KEAGY,
Administrator.

April 9, 1858.–f.

WHITE TEETH and a perfumed breath can be acquired by using the "Balm of a Thousand Flowers." To be had at

DR. HARRYS.

March 6. 1857.

## THE INQUIRER

Is published every Friday morning, in Juliana Street, in the white frame building, nearly opposite the Mengel House, by

**DAVID OVER.**

*TERMS:*

If paid in advance, $1.50; within the year, $2.00; and if not paid within the year, $2.50 will be charged. No paper discontinued until all arrearages are paid—except at the option of the Editor. A failure to notify a discontinuance will be regarded as a new engagement.

*Advertisements* not exceeding a square, (10 lines,) inserted three times for $1—every subsequent insertion, 25 cents. Longer ones in the same proportion. Each fraction of a square counted as a full square. All advertisements not specially ordered for a given time will be continued until forbid. A liberal deduction will be made to those who advertise by the year.

*Job Printing* of all kinds executed neatly and promptly and on reasonable terms.

## RESTAURANT.

THE subscriber still continues his RESTAURANT, AND BAKERY ADN CONFECTIONARY, at his old stand, in the Rising Sun Building, in Julianna Street, where he will be pleased to see all his old friends and customers.

He has fitted up an OYSTER ROOM, and will keep on hand throughout the season a full supply of the freshest and choicest OYSTERS the Baltimore market will afford.

He keeps constantly on hand the choicest and best CAKES, CANDIES, FRUITS and NUTS ever offered to the public.

Also, Chambersburg ALE and BEER, constantly on hand, also CIDER and other drinks.

☞ Parties supplied, on the shortest notice, with Ice Cream, Cakes and Confections.

Having served a regular apprenticeship to the above business, and having been constantly engaged in it for many years, he feels confident that he can render satisfaction to all who may favor him with a visit. JOHN J. LUTHER.

Bedford, Nov. 27, 1857.

## FRESH ARRIVAL OF New and Seasonable Goods At Reed & Minnich's.

Cloths, Cassimeres, Calicoes, Ginghams, Flannels. Tickings, bleached and unbleached Muslins, Table diaper, Paper and Cambric Muslins, Irish Linen, also a fine assortment of Ladie's Shoes, Gaiters, and Lace Boots, and a variety of Misses' and children's Shoes, which will be sold low for cash.

Feb. 19, 1858.

## New Jewelry.

THE subscriber has opened out a new and splendid assortment of all kinds of the most fashionable Jewelry—consisting in part of Breast Pins, Finger Rings, Ear Rings, &c. &c. Call and see his stock.

del4 DANIEL BORDER.

## DR. B. F. HARRY

RESPECTFULLY tenders his professional services to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity.

Office and residence on Pitt-Street, in the building formerly occupied by Dr. J. H. Hoffus.

Nov. 6, 1857.

## TO HOUSEKEEPERS.

DR. HARRY, at the Cheap Drug and Book Store, has just received, a large assortment of the best flavoring extracts, together with Baking Soda, Cream of Tartar, Saleratus, &c., of the very best quality, all of which he will sell the lowest prices.

## Plastering Laths!!

THE UNDERSIGNED having erected a Mill for sawing PLASTERING LATHS on his premises in Union Tp., Bedford county, is now ready to furnish any quantity on the shortest notice. Price $1.50 per thousand, 3 ft. long. Other lengths in proportion.

Letters addressed to me at St. Clairsville, will be promptly attended to.

WM. GRIFFITH.

Union Tp., Feb. 16, 1854.–zz.

## DISSOLUTION OF PARTNERSHIP.

THE partnership heretofore existing between Henry S. King and James Madara, under the name and firm of Madara, King & Co., doing business at Lemnos Iron Works, in Hopewell Township Bedford County, is dissolved by mutual consent. HENRY S. KING,

Nov. 27, 1857.–tf. JAMES MADARA.

THE business of manufacturing iron at Lemnos Iron Works, will be continued by the undersigned, who has purchased all the interest of his late partner James Madara in the books, property and effects, belonging to the late firm of Madara King & Co.

Nov. 27, 1857.–tf. HENRY S. KING.

A King. Fr. Jordan.

## LAW PARTNERSHIP. King & Jordan, Attorneys at Law

BEDFORD, PA.,

WILL practice in the several Courts of Bedford and adjoining counties.

Agencies, Collections, and all other business entrusted to their care will be promptly and faithfully attended to.

OFFICE in Juliana street, formerly occupied by D. H. Hoffus, Esq., and more recently in the occupancy of Jos. Mann, Esq.

January 5, 1855.

JOB MANN, G. H. SPANG.

LAW PARTNERSHIP.—The undersigned have associated themselves in the Practice of the Law, and will promptly attend to all business entrusted to their care in Bedford and adjoining counties.

☞Office on Juliana Street, three doors south of Mengel House and opposite the residence of Maj. Tate.

MANN & SPANG

June 1,—1854. tf.

## HOFIUS & FILLER, ATTORNEYS AT LAW, BEDFORD, PA.

WILL PROMPTLY ATTEND TO ALL legal business entrusted to their care.—During the sessions of the court, the senior partner may be found at the office of the firm, two doors south of Hon. S. L. Russell's office.

D. H. HOFIUS,
JNO. H. FILLER.

Bedford, Nov. 28, 1856.

## Dr. F. C Reamer, Physician and Surgeon.

Respectfully tenders his services to the citizens of Bedford and vicinity. He may always be found (unless professionally engaged, at his Drug and Book Store, in Juliana St.

Feb. 19, 1857.

## SAMUEL RADEBAUGH, Justice of the Peace.

OFFICE two doors South of the Mengel House, and next door to the office of Mann & Spang, where he will attend to the collection of all claims placed in his hands.

Bedford, Jan. 11, 1856.

## CHEAP SHOES.

About fifty pair of children's and women's shoes—a little out of style—will be sold very cheap by

Feb. 19, 1858. A. B. CRAMER & CO.

## The Great English Remedy, SIR JAMES CLARKE'S Celebrated Female Pills.

*Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M. D, Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.*

This invaluable medicine is unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the female constitution is subject. It moderates all excess and removes all obstructions, and a speedy cure may be relied on.

### TO MARRIED LADIES

it is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time bring on the monthly period with regularity.

Each bottle, price One Dollar, bears the Government Stamp of Great Britain, to prevent counterfeits.

CAUTION.

*These Pills should not be taken by females during the FIRST THREE MONTHS of Pregnancy, as they are sure to bring on Miscarriage, but at any other time they are safe.*

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pain in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics, and Whites, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed, and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions accompany each package.

Sole Agent for the United States and Canada,
JOB MOSES,
(Late I. C. Baldwin & Co.,)
Rochester, N. Y.

N. B. $1.00 and 6 postage stamps enclosed to any authorized Agent, will insure a bottle of the Pills by return mail.

For saleby Dr. B. F. Harry.

Sept 18 1857–zz.

## BRYAN'S PULMONIC WAFERS.

RELIEF IN A MINUTE

*The most certain and speedy remedy ever discovered for all Diseases of the Chest and Lungs Coughs, Colds, Asthma, Consumption, Bronchitis, Influenza, Hoarseness, Difficult Breathing, Sore Throat, &c., &c.*

THESE WAFERS give the most instantaneous and perfect relief, and when persevered with according to directions, never fail to effect a rapid and lasting cure. Thousands have been restored to perfect health who have tried other means in vain. To all classes and all constitutions they are equally a blessing and a cure—none need despair, no matter how long the disease may have existed, or however severe it may be, provided the organic structure of the vital organs is not hopelessly decayed. Every one afflicted should give them an impartial trial.

JOB MOSES, Sole Proprietor Rochester, N. Y.

Price 25 cents per box

For sale by Dr. B. F. Harry.

Sept. 18, 1857–zz.

## DRUGS, BOOKS AND STATIONERY. DR. F. C. REAMER, BEDFORD, PA.

HAVING purchased the Drug and Book Store of Dr. S. D Scott, has constantly on hand, at the old stand, a large and well selected stock of choice Drugs and Medicines, wholesale and retail, all of which will be sold on fair terms. The assortment consists in part of

*Drugs and Chemicals, Dye Woods and Acids, Paints and Oils, Window Glass and Glass Ware, Tobacco and Segars. Perfumery, Fancy Articles, &c., &c.*

PATENT MEDICINES.—Having the regular agency for the sale of many of these medicines, the public are assured that they are of the best; such as have stood the test of time and experience, and can be safely recommended as genuine. viz: Townsend's and Sand's Sarsaparilla, Wistar's Balsam of Wild Cherry, Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, Moffat's Life Pills and Phœnix Bitters, Dr. Jayne's Family Medicines, Fahnstock's, Hobensack's and other vermifuge; Hoofland's German Bitters, &c., &c.

Constantly on hand a large stock historic, geographical, scientific religious, poetical, school and miscellaneous BOOKS.

Also a great variety of FANCY STATIONERY, Cap, Post and Wrapping Paper, of every quality, Paper Hangings in great variety. Window Blinds, in patterns or by the piece. Wall Paper, Steel and Fancy Goods.

BLANK BOOKS of every size and quality.—Pocket Books and Port Mounnies, Diaries, Blank Deeds and Mortgages. gold Pens and Pencils, Combs, Brushes, Perfumery in great variety, Soaps, &c., &c.

Lamps, and Camphine Oil and Burning Fluid, kept constantly on hand.

CHOICE LIQUORS for medical use; Wolff's Scheidam Schnapps, Gin, Port, Sherry and Madeira Wines.

Feb. 19, 1857.

## How to Save Money.

ALL persons who are in want of good and very cheap chairs and Cabinet Furniture, can now have an opportunity of saving money, by calling on the subscriber, and selecting such articles as they may need, from a large stock now on hand, which will be sold lower than the same can be bought in this County. You who are about to commence housekeeping will do well by calling on me, as there will be great reductions made in suits of Furniture.

You will see the truth of the above statement by looking at the following list of prices:

| | | | |
|---|---|---|---|
| Chairs from | $4.50 | to | $36.00 per sett. |
| Bedsteads | 2.50 | " | 15.00 |
| Tables | 2.50 | " | 20.00 |
| Bureaus | 10.00 | " | 35.00 |
| Cupboards | 5.00 | " | 42.00 |
| Wash Stands | 1.50 | " | 6 00 |
| Work Stands | 1.00 | " | 5.00 |
| Candle Stands | 1.00 | " | 3.00 |

All other articles in proportion.

All articles warranted.

ISAAC MENGEL, JR.

Feb. 19, 1858.

## THE MENGEL HOUSE, Valentine Steckman, PROPRIETOR.

Boarders taken by the day week month and year.

April 25, 1856—tf

## SHRYOCK & SMITH, CHAMBERSBURG, PA.,

BOOKSELLERS and STATIONERS, and Dealers in Music and Musical Instruments. Our stock consists of Books, Stationery, Music, Musical Instruments, Wall papers, Blinds, French, German and American Lithographs and steel engravings, gilt mouldings for frames, etc., etc., wholesale and retail. Dr. B. F. Harry is our agent for Bedford, and all orders given him will be promptly attended to.

March 7, 1857.

## Gettys' Photographic Gallery,

*'EXCHANGE BUILDING,' BEDFORD, PA.*

WHERE Ambrotypes, Daguerreotypes, &c &c., are executed in the latest style and improvements of the Art. A full assortment of plain and fancy cases, gold and plated Lockets at very low prices.

The public are respectfully invited to call and examine his specimens.

T. R. GETTYS, JR.

May 22, 1857.

STONEWARE.—Cream Crocks, Milk Crocks of all sizes; Butter Dishes, from one to one and a half gallon Pitchers, all of which are of best quality, for sale by

A. FERGUSON.

Bedford, Jan. 16, 1856.